4.200 Criteria for Successful Progress in Treatment in Prison: Sex Offender Treatment and Monitoring Program, Colorado Department of Corrections (CDOC)

4.210 Sex offender treatment in the prison setting is preliminary to continued treatment and supervision in the community post release from prison. Since sex offenders who participate in treatment in the prison setting cannot complete treatment in prison, the Sex Offender Treatment and Monitoring Program has developed criteria for offenders to receive a recommendation for release to parole. Sex offenders participating in the Sex Offender Treatment and Monitoring Program (SOTMP) must meet all of the following criteria to receive a recommendation for release to parole from the SOTMP staff.

1. Participates and actively engages in recommended level of sex offense specific treatment as evidenced by a measured reduction in dynamic risk.

2. Complete a disclosure of his or her offense related sexual history relevant to identified risk areas as verified through either the sexual history polygraph process\(^1\), or other clinical indicators\(^2\).

3. Complete a comprehensive, written plan to manage ongoing risk areas and treatment needs. The plan must be approved by the SOTMP team.

4. Have an approved support person or system who has participated in SOTMP Family Support Education. The support person/system will receive an approved copy of the client’s written plan to manage on-going risk areas and treatment needs through their participation in an SOTMP therapist facilitated disclosure session.

5. Demonstrate management of identified risk areas as verified by clinical indicators\(^3\).

6. Must be compliant with any CDOC psychiatric recommendations for medication which may enhance his or her ability to benefit from sex offense specific treatment.

7. Demonstrate management of identified high risk factors. Client does not display attitudes, behaviors or risk factors that negatively impact his/her ability to be safely supervised in the community.

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\(^1\) Polygraph examination results will not be used in isolation to exclude someone from meeting criteria without additional evidence that indicates high risk behaviors.

\(^2,3\) Clinical indicators can be anything that provides information about a client’s overall clinical presentation, which may include but is not limited to interviews, quality of treatment participating, polygraph examination results, scores on dynamic risk assessments, psychological evaluation, behavioral observations, and collateral reports.