

Quarterly Crime Trends Report 2024-Quarter 2 (2019 Q2 - 2024 Q2)

September 2024



COLORADO
Division of Criminal Justice
Department of Public Safety

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Introduction

The quarterly crime trends report will be released on a regular basis and provide the latest data on serious violent and property crimes in Colorado. The data will cover the time period of the past five years to allow for an assessment of recent crime trends.

Data & Methods: The Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI) provides information on crime, arrest, and victimization in Colorado every month ([Colorado Crime Statistics](#)). Public data provided through CBI has a 30-day lag after the previous full month, meaning June data will be available in August. *CBI data is dynamic and subject to change as more information becomes available or crime classifications are redefined.* This report provides statewide data for serious violent and property crimes from 2019 Quarter 2 (Q2) through 2024 Quarter 2 (Q2). Quarters are based on the calendar year (January-December). For reference purposes, Tables 2 & 3 in the Appendix at the end of this report display the totals of violent and property crimes, respectively, by year and quarter from 2019 to 2024.

Executive Summary

Violent and property crimes have been steadily decreasing in Colorado (see Table 1). There was a 2% decrease in violent crime from 2024 Q1 (115.6) to 2024 Q2 (113.4), and a 15% decrease from 2023 Q2 (133.5). There was a 6% decrease in property crime from 2024 Q1 (600.1) to 2024 Q2 (561.8), and a 26% decrease from 2023 Q2 (755.6). There was a 2% increase in aggravated assaults and 1% increase in arson from last quarter to this quarter, but all crimes saw a decrease from this quarter last year.

Table 1. Rates of violent and property crimes for the current quarter compared to last quarter and last year.

Crime Type	2023 Q2	Last Year % Change	2024 Q1	Last Quarter % Change	2024 Q2
Violent Crime	133.5	-15.1%	115.6	-2.0%	113.4
Murder	1.2	-27.6%	1.3	-30.5%	0.9
Non-Consensual Sex Offense	24.5	-15.3%	23.2	-10.6%	20.8
Robbery	16.2	-16.3%	14.7	-7.9%	13.6
Aggravated Assault	91.5	-14.6%	76.4	2.3%	78.2
Property Crime	755.6	-25.6%	600.1	-6.4%	561.8
Burglary	93.0	-23.3%	72.0	-1.0%	71.3
Larceny	490.6	-23.6%	400.5	-6.4%	374.8
Motor Vehicle Theft	167.0	-33.3%	123.2	-9.7%	111.3
Arson	5.0	-11.7%	4.4*	1.4%	4.4*

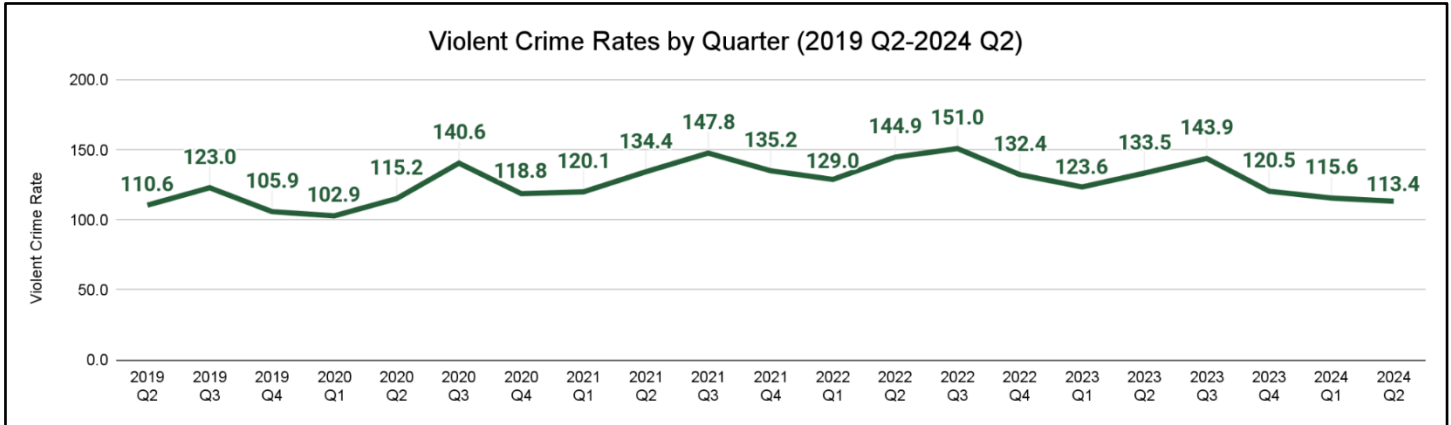
Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

* Data points may appear the same due to rounding.

Violent Crime Rates

Violent crimes include murder/nonnegligent manslaughter, non-consensual sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault. There was a 2% decrease in the violent crime rate from 2024 Q1 (115.6) to 2024 Q2 (113.4), which marks the lowest violent crime rate in the last three years (see Figure 1). The average rate of violent crime in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 128.3, putting 2024 Q1 13% below the average. Historically, the third quarter has the highest rate of violent crime. Historically, the rates have started low in Q1 and then progressively increased until they peaked in Q3; however, this is the first time in five years where there was a decrease from Q1 to Q2.

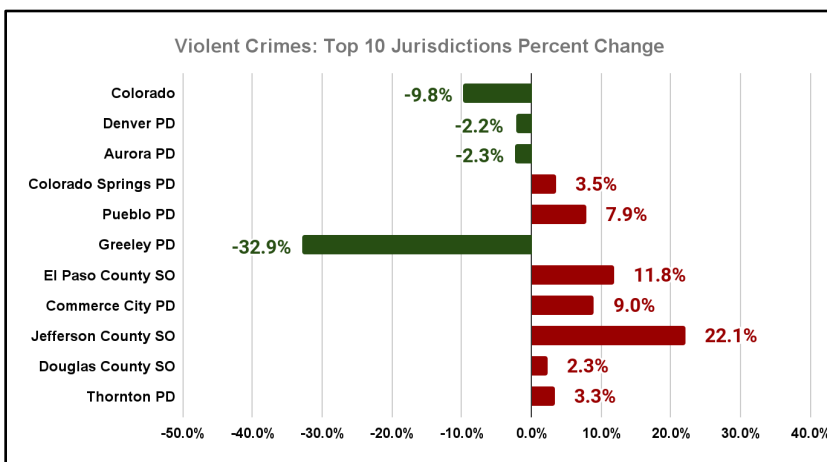
Figure 1. Rate of violent crime in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of violent crimes by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 10% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Jefferson County Sheriff’s Office (SO) had the highest (22%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 217) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 265), while the Greeley Police Department (PD) had the highest (33%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 480) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 322). Please see Figure 2 and related totals below.

Figure 2. Annual percent change* in violent crime for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

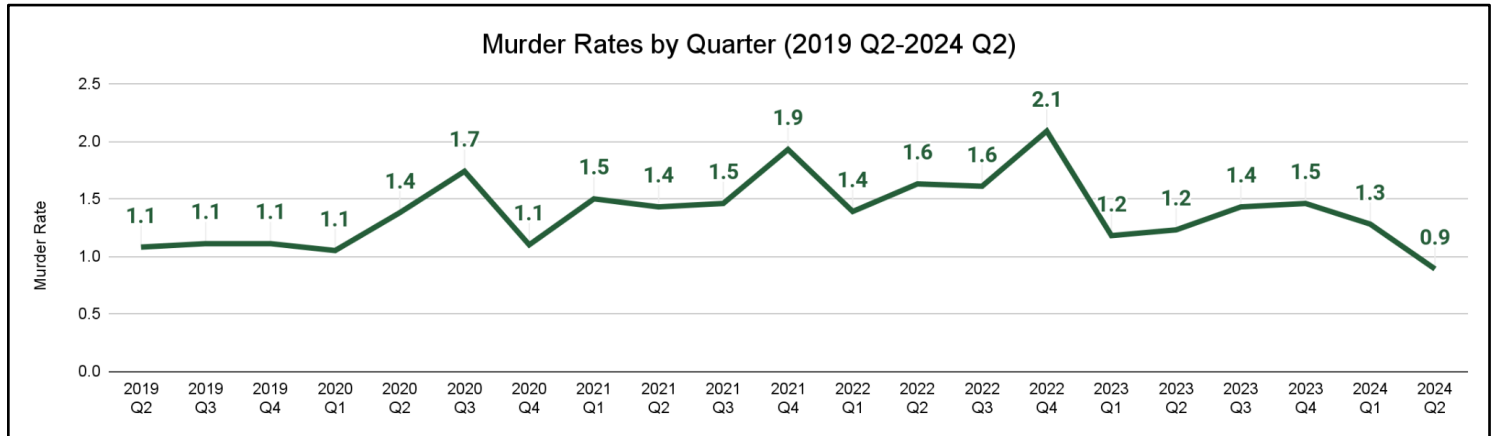
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	15,278	13,775
Denver PD	3,822	3,737
Aurora PD	1,959	1,914
Colorado Springs PD	1,790	1,853
Pueblo PD	815	879
Greeley PD	480	322
El Paso County SO	287	321
Commerce City PD	279	304
Jefferson County SO	217	265
Douglas County SO	215	220
Thornton PD	209	216

Murder

There was a 31% decrease in the murder rate from 2024 Q1 (1.3) to 2024 Q2 (0.9), the lowest in the past five years and the first time below 1.0 since 2019 Q1 (see Figure 3). The average rate of murders in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 1.3, putting 2024 Q2 31% below the average. Historically, the second half of the year has had more murders than the first half. In 2021 and 2022, the highest rate of murders was in the fourth quarter.

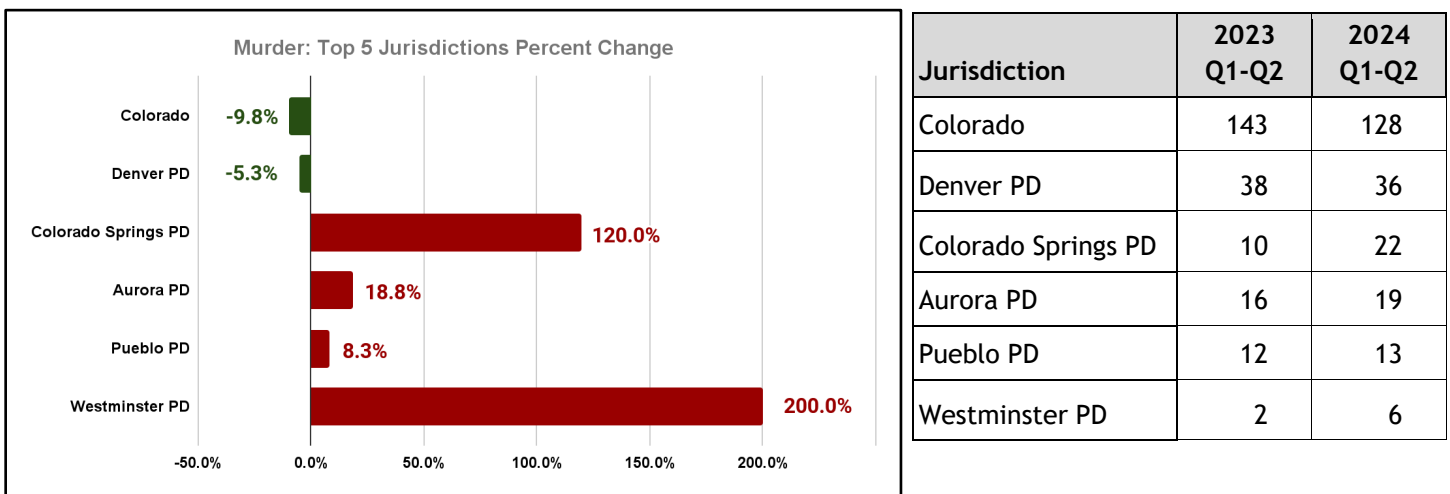
Figure 3. Rate of murder in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of murders by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 11% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Westminster PD had the highest (200%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 ($N = 2$) to 2024 Q1-Q2 ($N = 6$), while the Denver PD had the highest (5%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 ($N = 38$) to 2024 Q1-Q2 ($N = 36$). Please see Figure 4 and related totals below.

Figure 4. Annual percent change* in murder for the top 5 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	143	128
Denver PD	38	36
Colorado Springs PD	10	22
Aurora PD	16	19
Pueblo PD	12	13
Westminster PD	2	6

Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

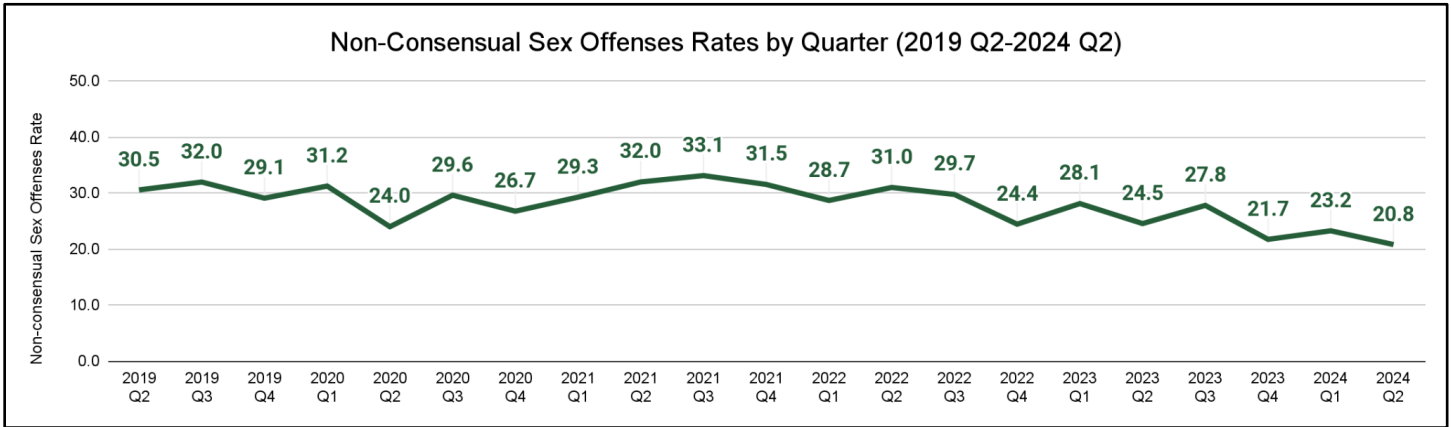
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

NOTE: Many jurisdictions have zero murder, so a Top 10 list was not possible.

Non-consensual Sex Offenses

There was an 11% decrease in non-consensual sex offense rates from 2024 Q1 (23.2) to 2024 Q2 (20.8), which marks the lowest rate in the last five years (see Figure 5). The average rate of non-consensual sex offenses in the first quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 26.4, putting 2024 Q2 21% below the average. Historically, the third quarter has the highest rate of non-consensual sex offenses.

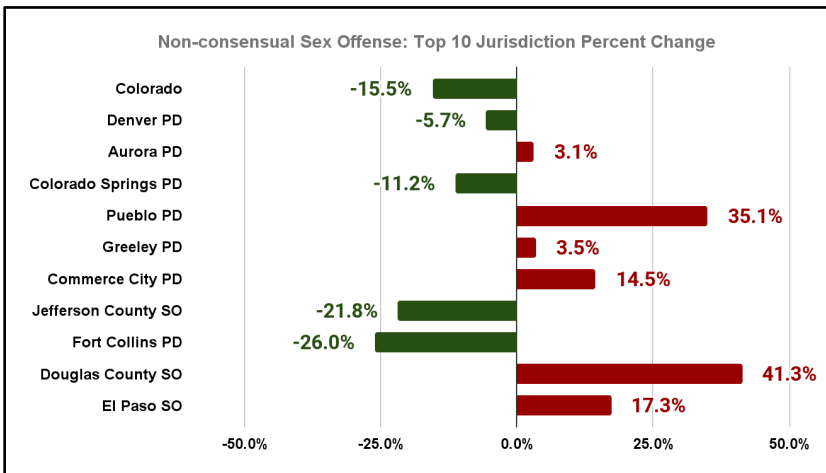
Figure 5. Rates of non-consensual sex offenses in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of non-consensual sex offenses by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 16% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Douglas County SO had the highest (41%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 46) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 65), while the Fort Collins PD had the highest (26%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 100) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 74). Please see Figure 6 and related totals below.

Figure 6. Annual percent change* in non-consensual sex offense for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

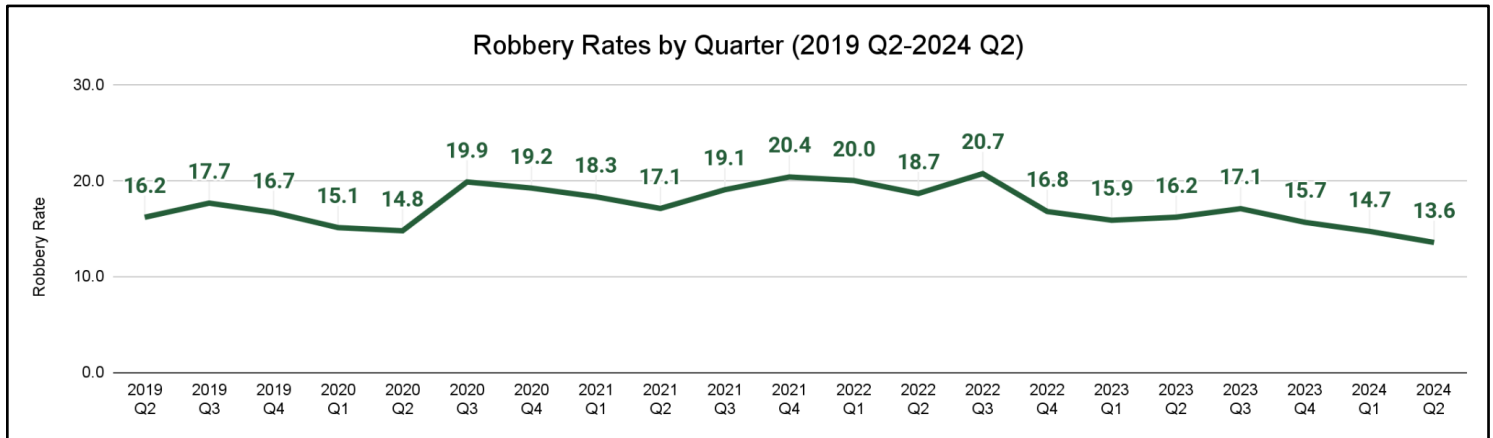
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	3,129	2,643
Denver PD	584	551
Aurora PD	414	427
Colorado Springs PD	276	245
Pueblo PD	97	131
Greeley PD	86	89
Commerce City PD	69	79
Jefferson County SO	101	79
Fort Collins PD	100	74
Douglas County SO	46	65
El Paso SO	52	61

Robbery

There was an 8% decrease in robbery rates between 2024 Q1 (14.7) to 2024 Q2 (13.6), which marks the lowest rate in the past five years (see Figure 7). The average rate of robberies in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 16.1, putting 2024 Q2 16% below the average. Historically, the third quarter has the highest rate of robberies.

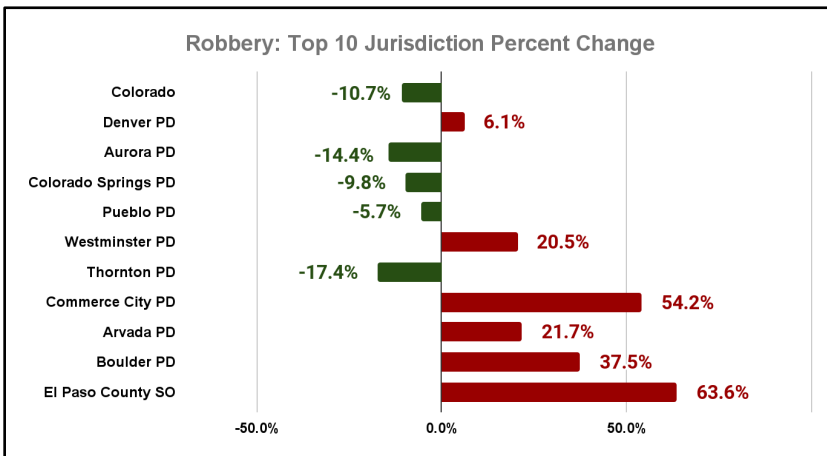
Figure 7. Rates of robbery in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of robberies by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 11% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The El Paso SO had the highest (64%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 11) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 18), while the Thornton PD had the highest (17%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 46) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 38). Please see Figure 8 and related totals below.

Figure 8. Annual percent change* in robbery for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

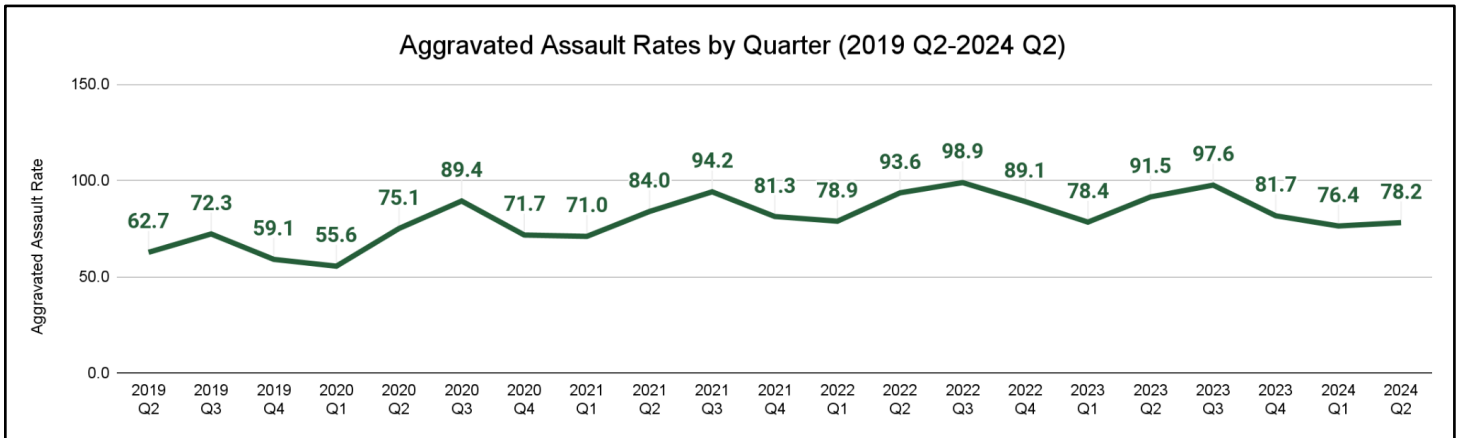
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	1,905	1,702
Denver PD	602	639
Aurora PD	298	255
Colorado Springs PD	183	165
Pueblo PD	141	133
Westminster PD	39	47
Thornton PD	46	38
Commerce City PD	24	37
Arvada PD	23	28
Boulder PD	16	22
El Paso County SO	11	18

Aggravated Assault

There was a 2% increase in aggravated assault rates from 2024 Q1 (76.4) to 2024 Q2 (78.2) (see Figure 9). The average rate of aggravated assault in the first quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 84.5, putting 2024 Q2 7% below the average. Historically, the third quarter of the year has the highest rates of aggravated assault while the first quarter has the lowest rates.

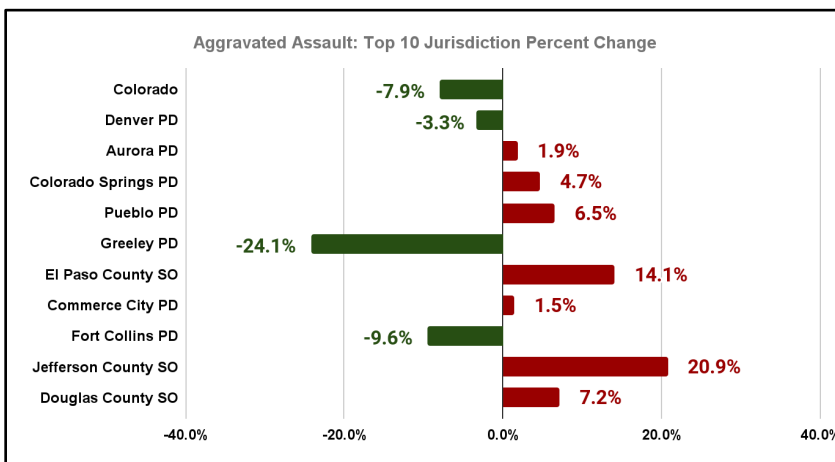
Figure 9. Rates of aggravated assault in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of aggravated assault by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 8% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Jefferson County SO had the highest (21%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 ($N = 139$) to 2024 Q1-Q2 ($N = 168$), while the Greeley PD had the highest (24%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 ($N = 348$) to 2024 Q1-Q2 ($N = 264$). Please see Figure 10 and related totals below.

Figure 10. Annual percent change* in aggravated assault for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

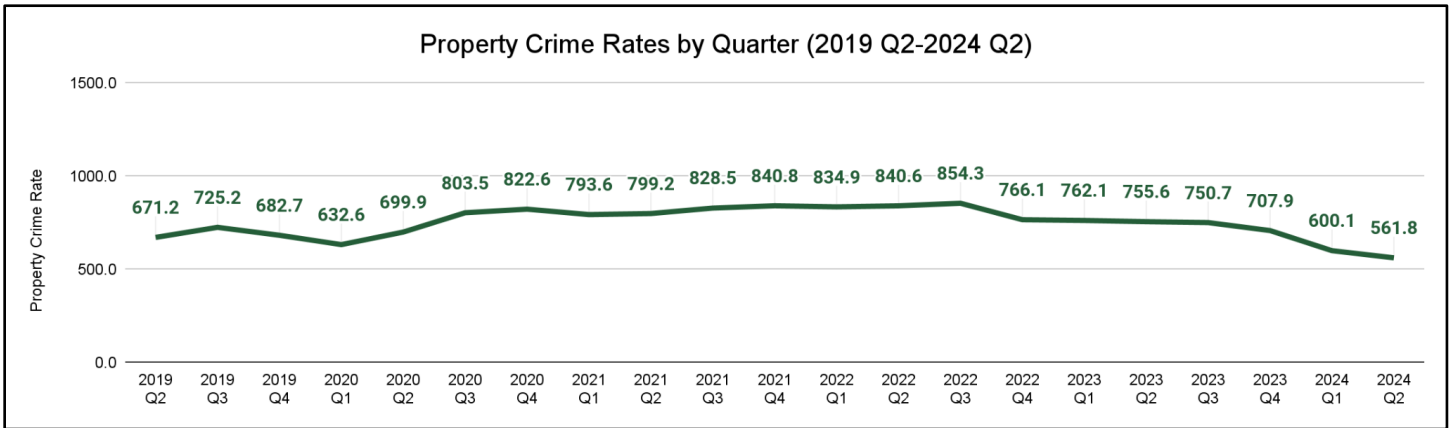
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	10,101	9,302
Denver PD	2,598	2,511
Aurora PD	1,369	1,395
Colorado Springs PD	1,183	1,239
Pueblo PD	565	602
Greeley PD	348	264
El Paso County SO	184	210
Commerce City PD	201	204
Fort Collins PD	188	170
Jefferson County SO	139	168
Douglas County SO	139	149

Property Crime Rates

Property crime includes burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson. There was a 6% decrease in the property crime rate from 2024 Q1 (600.1) to 2024 Q2 (561.8), which marks the lowest property crime rate in the last five years (see Figure 11). The average rate of property crimes in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 731.4, putting 2024 Q2 23% below the average. Property crime rates have not surpassed 850 since 2022 Q3 (854.2) which had the highest rate in the past five years. Since then, it has been on a steady decline.

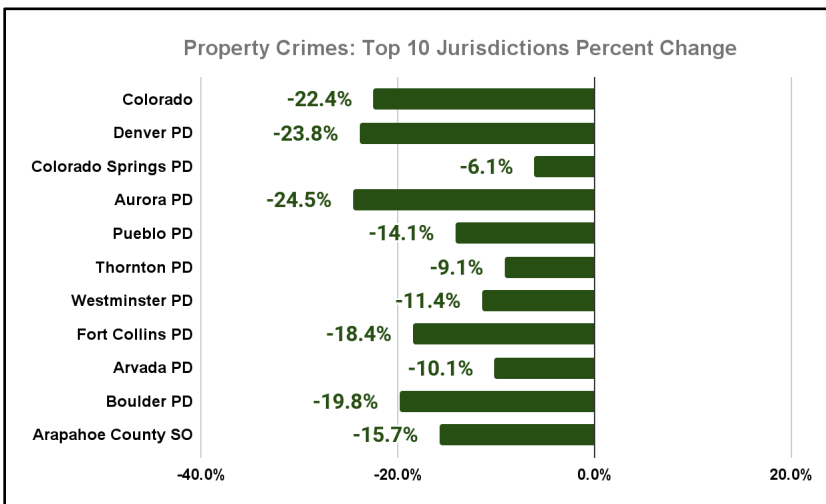
Figure 11. Rates of property crime in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of property crimes by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 22% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. All top jurisdictions had a decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2, with Aurora PD having the highest decrease (-25%, N = 8,164 to 6,164). Please see Figure 12 and related totals below.

Figure 12. Annual percent change* in property crime for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

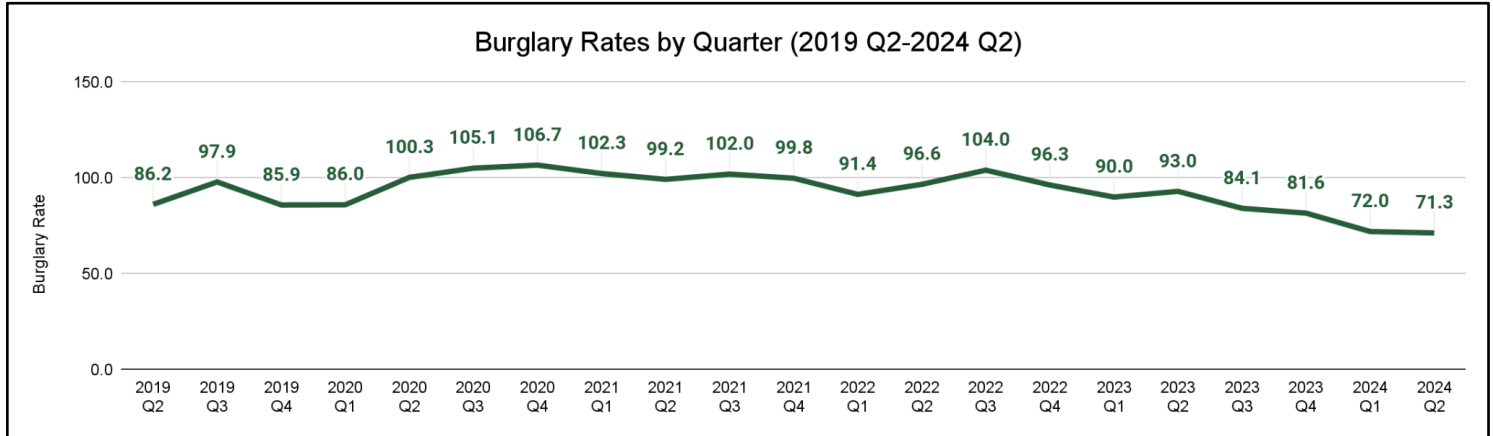
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	90,195	69,970
Denver PD	21,148	16,109
Colorado Springs PD	9,561	8,982
Aurora PD	8,164	6,164
Pueblo PD	3,229	2,775
Thornton PD	2,253	2,048
Westminster PD	2,270	2,011
Fort Collins PD	2,055	1,677
Arvada PD	1,599	1,437
Boulder PD	1,693	1,358
Arapahoe County SO	1,384	1,167

Burglary

There was a 1% decrease in the burglary rate from 2024 Q1 (72.0) to 2024 Q2 (71.3), which marks the lowest robbery rate in the past five years (see Figure 13). The average rate of burglaries in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 92.1, putting 2024 Q2 23% below the average. Burglary rates have had relatively minor fluctuations in the past five years, with the highest rate in 2020 Q4 (106.7), but have been on a steady decline since 2023 Q2.

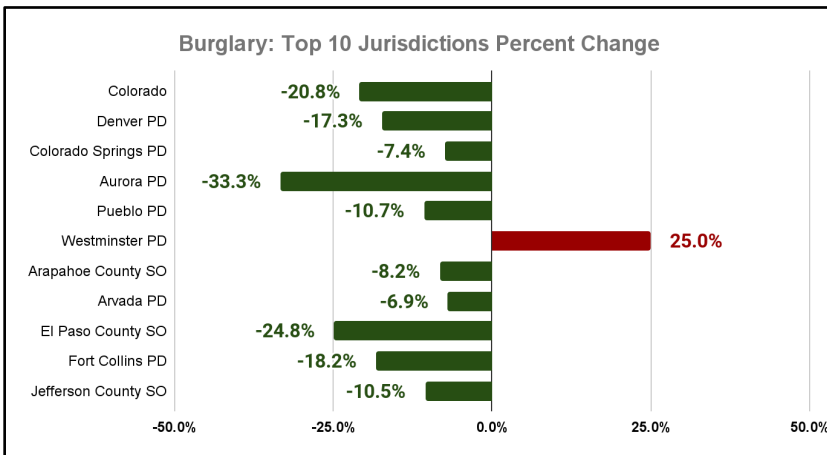
Figure 13. Rates of burglary in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of burglaries by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 21% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Westminster PD had the highest (25%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 (*N* = 156) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (*N* = 195), while the Aurora PD had the highest (33%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 (*N* = 1,013) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (*N* = 676). Please see Figure 14 and related totals below.

Figure 14. Annual percent change* in burglary for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

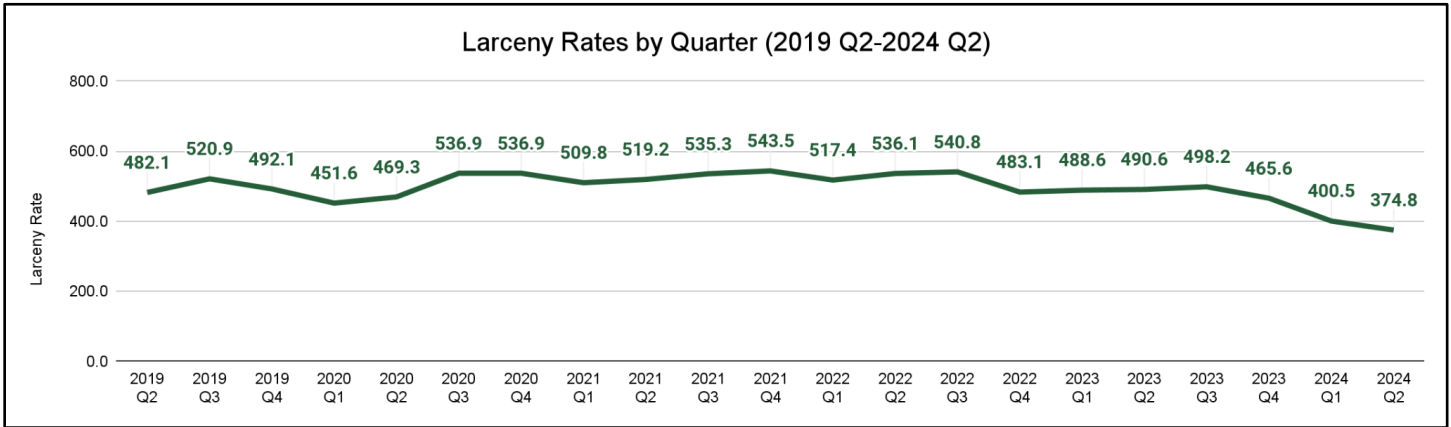
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	10,875	8,611
Denver PD	2,608	2,157
Colorado Springs PD	1,332	1,234
Aurora PD	1,013	676
Pueblo PD	486	434
Westminster PD	156	195
Arapahoe County SO	207	190
Arvada PD	202	188
El Paso County SO	242	182
Fort Collins PD	214	175
Jefferson County SO	191	171

Larceny

There was a 6% decrease in the larceny rate from 2024 Q1 (400.5) to 2024 Q2 (374.8), which marks the lowest larceny rate in the past five years (see Figure 15). The average rate of larcenies in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 478.0, putting 2024 Q2 22% below the average. Larceny rates have had minor fluctuations over the past two years but have been on a steady decline since 2023 Q3.

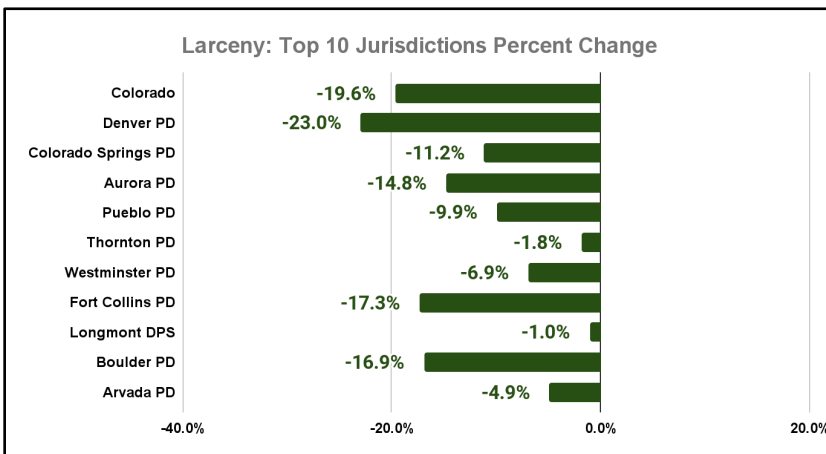
Figure 15. Rates of larceny in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of larcenies by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 20% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. All top jurisdictions had a decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2, with Denver PD having the highest decrease (-23%, N = 12,044 to 9,279). Please see Figure 16 and related totals below.

Figure 16. Annual percent change* in larceny for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

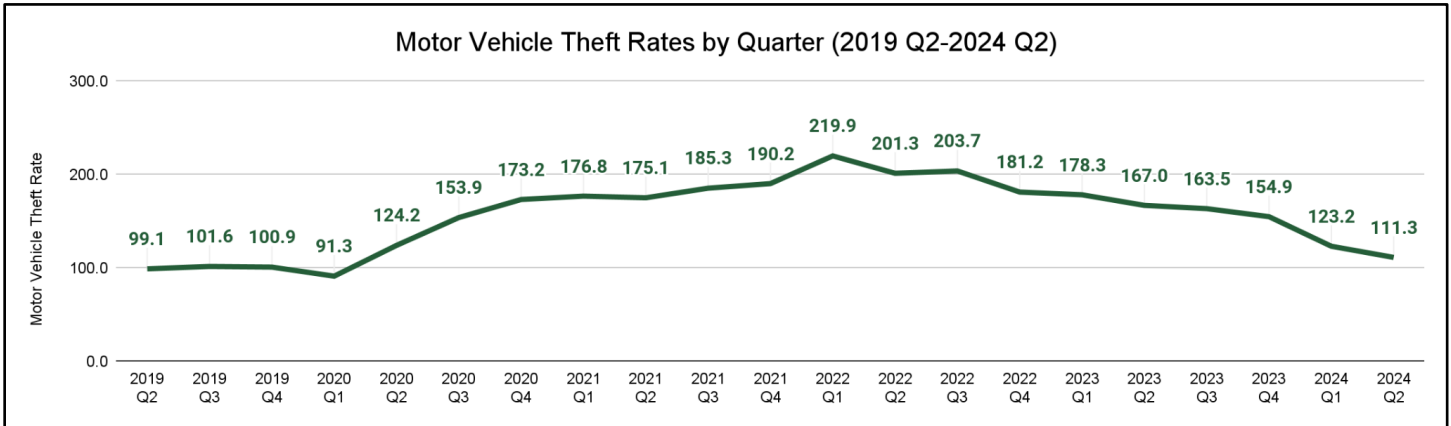
* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	58,194	46,763
Denver PD	12,044	9,279
Colorado Springs PD	6,392	5,679
Aurora PD	4,210	3,587
Pueblo PD	1,814	1,634
Thornton PD	1,595	1,566
Westminster PD	1,505	1,401
Fort Collins PD	1,642	1,358
Boulder PD	1,236	1,027
Longmont DPS	1,060	1,049
Arvada PD	1,080	1,027

Motor Vehicle Theft

There was a 10% decrease in the motor vehicle theft rate from 2024 Q1 (123.2) to 2024 Q2 (111.3), which marks the lowest motor vehicle theft rate in the last three years (see Figure 17). The average rate of motor vehicle thefts in the second quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 155.8, putting 2024 Q1 29% below the average. Motor vehicle theft rates trended upward from 2020 Q1 through 2022 Q1 but have been steadily declining ever since.

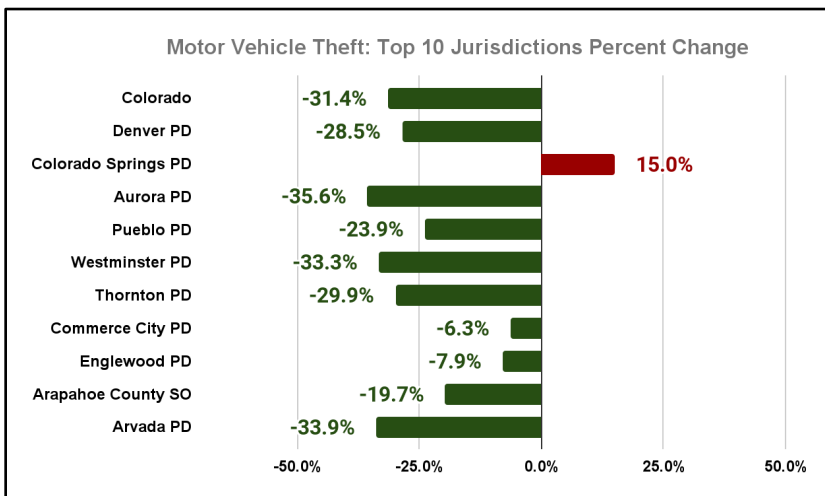
Figure 17. Rates of motor vehicle theft in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.



Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

When examining the volume of motor vehicle thefts by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 31% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Colorado Springs PD had the highest (15%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 1,736) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 1,997), while the Aurora PD had the highest (36%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 2,886) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 1,859). Please see Figure 18 and related totals below.

Figure 18. Annual percent change* in motor vehicle theft for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	20,517	14,068
Denver PD	6,435	4,601
Colorado Springs PD	1,736	1,997
Aurora PD	2,886	1,859
Pueblo PD	896	682
Westminster PD	601	401
Thornton PD	462	324
Commerce City PD	320	300
Englewood PD	290	267
Arapahoe County SO	325	261
Arvada PD	304	201

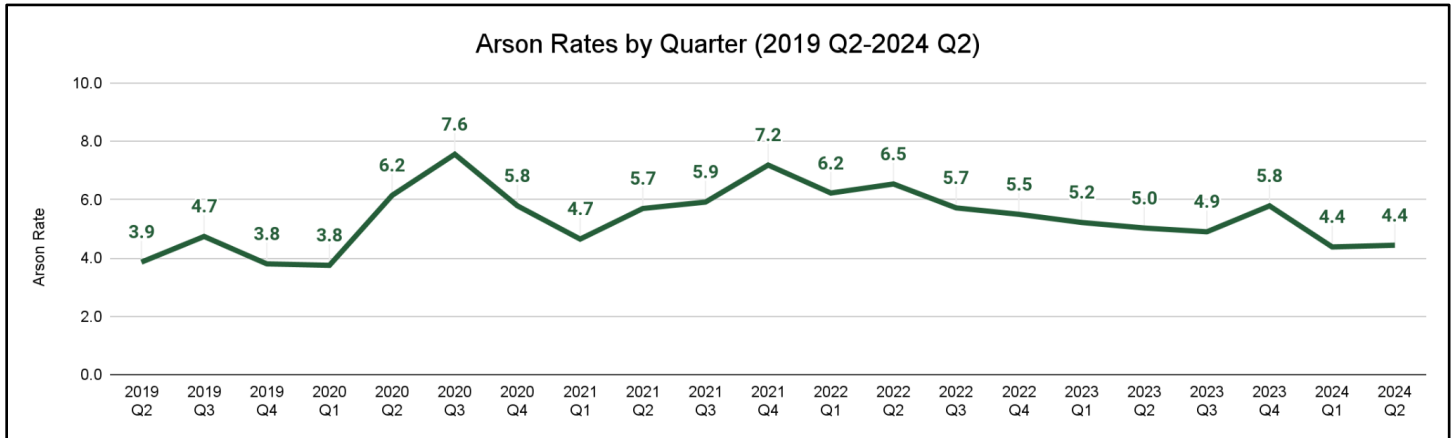
Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Arson

There was a 1% increase in the arson rate from 2024 Q1 (4.38) to 2024 Q2 (4.44) (see Figure 19). The average rate of arson in the first quarter for the past five years (2020 Q2-2024 Q2) is 4.4, putting 2024 Q2 right at the average. Arson rates have fluctuated quite a bit over the past five years but have not exceeded 6.0 since 2022 Q3.

Figure 19. Rates of arson in Colorado per 100K residents, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.

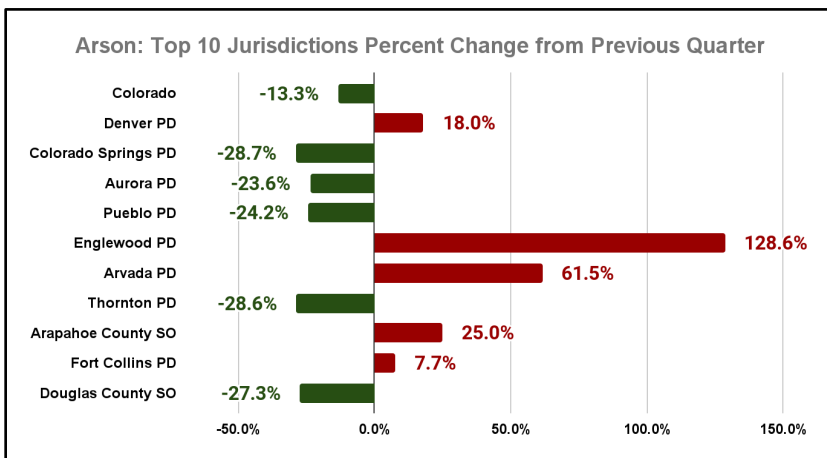


Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

* Data points may appear the same due to rounding.

When examining the volume of arson by jurisdiction, Colorado had an overall 13% decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 to 2024 Q1-Q2. The Englewood PD had the highest (129%) increase from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 7) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 16), while the Colorado Springs PD had the highest (29%) decrease from 2023 Q1-Q2 (N = 101) to 2024 Q1-Q2 (N = 72). Please see Figure 20 and related totals below.

Figure 20. Annual percent change* in arson for the top 10 jurisdictions, ordered by 2024 crime totals.



Jurisdiction	2023 Q1-Q2	2024 Q1-Q2
Colorado	609	528
Denver PD	61	72
Colorado Springs PD	101	72
Aurora PD	55	42
Pueblo PD	33	25
Arvada PD	13	21
Englewood PD	7	16
Fort Collins PD	13	14
Thornton PD	14	10
Arapahoe County SO	8	10
Douglas County SO	11	8

Source: CBI, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

* Annual percent change based on current quarters (2024 Q1-Q2) compared to previous quarters (2023 Q1-Q2) for the same jurisdiction.

Appendix

Violent Crime Totals

Table 2. Violent crime offenses, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.

Year & Quarter	Violent Crime	Violent Crime % Change	Murder	Non-consensual Sex Offenses	Robbery	Aggravated Assault
2019 Q2	6,366	13.6%	62	1,759	932	3,613
2019 Q3	7,083	11.3%	64	1,840	1,017	4,162
2019 Q4	6,101	-13.9%	64	1,674	961	3,402
2020 Q1	5,978	-2.0%	61	1,814	877	3,226
2020 Q2	6,693	12.0%	80	1,392	858	4,363
2020 Q3	8,165	22.0%	101	1,719	1,154	5,191
2020 Q4	6,899	-15.5%	64	1,553	1,117	4,165
2021 Q1	6,980	1.2%	87	1,700	1,065	4,128
2021 Q2	7,814	11.9%	83	1,858	994	4,879
2021 Q3	8,589	9.9%	85	1,924	1,108	5,472
2021 Q4	7,856	-8.5%	112	1,832	1,185	4,727
2022 Q1	7,531	-4.1%	81	1,674	1,169	4,607
2022 Q2	8,462	12.4%	95	1,809	1,090	5,468
2022 Q3	8,819	4.2%	94	1,736	1,211	5,778
2022 Q4	7,730	-12.3%	122	1,426	980	5,202
2023 Q1	7,343	-5.0%	70	1,670	943	4,660
2023 Q2	7,931	8.0%	73	1,458	962	5,438
2023 Q3	8,553	7.8%	85	1,651	1,015	5,802
2023 Q4	7,162	-16.3%	87	1,290	930	4,855
2024 Q1	6,872	-4.0%	76	1,381	874	4,541
2024 Q2	6,737	-2.0%	53	1,235	805	4,644
AVG for Q2	7,527	-	77	1,550	942	4,958

Note: Percent change is based on one quarter to the next. "AVG for Q2" does not include 2019 data.

Source: Colorado Bureau of Investigation, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

Property Crime Totals

Table 3. Property crime offenses, 2019 Q2-2024 Q2.

Year & Quarter	Property Crime	Property Crime % Change	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
2019 Q2	38,653	10.6%	4,964	27,761	5,706	222
2019 Q3	41,762	8.0%	5,637	29,999	5,853	273
2019 Q4	39,316	-5.9%	4,947	28,339	5,811	219
2020 Q1	36,741	-6.5%	4,994	26,229	5,300	218
2020 Q2	40,646	10.6%	5,823	27,255	7,211	357
2020 Q3	46,663	14.8%	6,102	31,182	8,940	439
2020 Q4	47,773	2.4%	6,195	31,181	10,061	336
2021 Q1	46,123	-3.5%	5,945	29,630	10,278	270
2021 Q2	46,449	0.7%	5,768	30,175	10,175	331
2021 Q3	48,152	3.7%	5,927	31,109	10,772	344
2021 Q4	48,866	1.5%	5,802	31,589	11,057	418
2022 Q1	48,756	-0.2%	5,338	30,215	12,839	364
2022 Q2	49,088	0.7%	5,643	31,309	11,754	382
2022 Q3	49,889	1.6%	6,075	31,582	11,898	334
2022 Q4	44,738	-10.3%	5,623	28,214	10,580	321
2023 Q1	45,288	1.2%	5,349	29,035	10,594	310
2023 Q2	44,902	-0.9%	5,526	29,155	9,922	299
2023 Q3	44,611	-0.6%	5,000	29,607	9,713	291
2023 Q4	42,068	-5.7%	4,851	27,670	9,203	344
2024 Q1	35,663	-15.2%	4,281	23,799	7,323	260
2024 Q2	33,386	-6.4%	4,238	22,270	6,614	264
AVG for Q2	42,894	-	5,400	28,033	9,135	327

Note: Percent change is based on one quarter to the next. “AVG for Q2” does not include 2019 data.

Source: Colorado Bureau of Investigation, *Colorado Crime Statistics*, August 2024.

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