Sex Offender Management Board Application Review Committee Outcome of Received Complaints,

2015-2017

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SUMMARY OF ARC DECISIONS

- In the three-year period of 2015 2017, 59 complaints were filed.
 - o 76% (45 cases) fell under the SOMB purview, (e.g. a Standard was violated)
 - Of these, five cases were founded (11%)
 - In four cases, the subject of the complaint voluntarily removed themselves from approved provider list
 - One case resulted in de-listment



OVERVIEW OF APPLICATION REVIEW COMMITTEE (ARC)

1. Organization

- ARC meets twice per month on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month to:
 - Review applications
 - o Review complaints, and
 - Discuss issues pertaining to providers under the purview of the Sex Offender Management Board (SOMB)
- Consists of six SOMB members and 2 SOMB Staff members
 - Voting members
 - Carl Blake Chair, Juvenile/Developmental or Intellectual Disability Treatment Provider, and Supervisor
 - Missy Gursky Juvenile/Adult/Developmental or Intellectual Disability Treatment Provider, Evaluator, and Supervisor
 - Rick May Juvenile/Adult Treatment Provider, Evaluator, and Supervisor
 - Kandy Moore Adult Treatment Provider, and Supervisor
 - Jeff Jenks Juvenile/Adult Polygraph Examiner
 - Angel Weant Probation
 - Non-voting members
 - Raechel Alderete SOMB Staff, Juvenile Standards Coordinator
 - Michelle Geng SOMB Staff, Adult Standards Coordinator

2. Application Review Process

- Materials are reviewed prior to meeting to ensure all required documents are present
- Application materials are provided to each ARC member at meeting
- Applications are reviewed and discussed by ARC members
- Final decision is made:
 - Approve provider
 - Request additional information
 - Approve provider with guidance for improvement
 - Deny provider (provider may appeal to SOMB)

3. Complaints

- Materials are reviewed to ensure all required documents are present
- Copy of complaint is sent to the Department of Regulatory Agencies (DORA) when the complaint involves a treatment provider
- Complaint materials are reviewed by ARC members to verify that:
 - The SOMB has purview
 - Specific violations of the *Standards and Guidelines* can be identified
- Letter is sent to the provider requesting a response to the complaint
 - Investigations are conducted as needed by an outside investigator, hired by the SOMB
- Complaint materials and response materials are reviewed by ARC members
 - $\circ \quad \text{Deliberations occur to determine decision}$



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- Final decision is made:
 - o Dismiss complaint as unfounded
 - Resolve through mutual agreement of both parties
 - o Complaint is founded and sanction is issued

COMPLAINT ANALYSIS

- 1. Purpose
 - The purpose of this analysis was to examine the number of founded and unfounded complaints, actions taken by ARC, and the reasons for various outcomes.

2. Methods

- Complaints filed between 2015 and 2017
- Data collected from:
 - Provider Files
 - Provider Database
 - Meeting Minutes
- 59 total complaints
 - o 76% (45) Under SOMB Purview
 - Not under SOMB purview includes cases where the complainant or subject of the complaint is not subject to SOMB *Standards*, or where there was no associated *Standard* with the behavior, among others.
 - Some findings are not issued until after a DORA disposition.¹

3. Results:

- a. All Cases, n=59 (Including Cases not under SOMB purview)
 - Complaint filed against
 - Treatment provider: 88% (52)
 - Polygraph examiner: 12% (7)
 - Complaint filed by
 - Offender: 56% (33)
 - Provider: 5% (3)
 - Offender Family Member: 3% (2)
 - ARC: 3% (2)
 - o DORA: 3% (2)
 - Other²: 22% (13)
 - Anonymous: 7% (4)
 - DORA
 - Reported to DORA
 - 51% (30) of cases reported to DORA by the SOMB
 - 41% (24) of cases reported to the SOMB by DORA



¹ This is frequently because no violation of the *Standards* exists at the time of the complaint, however, if DORA issues a finding or a sanction, the provider is considered "not in good standing" which is a *Standards* violation. ² Other includes: former employees, non-family member advocates, victim, etc.

- 5% (3) of cases not applicable to report to $DORA^3$
- 3% (2) missing data
- DORA investigation conducted
 - 83% (49) of cases investigated by DORA (that is, DORA requested response from provider regarding allegations)
- DORA resolution \bigcirc
 - Insufficient grounds: 42% (25)
 - Letter of admonition: 5% (3)
 - Stipulation⁴: 5% (3)
 - Open complaint/Not yet resolved: 3% (2)
 - Dismissed⁵: 36% (21)
 - Not applicable⁶: 9% (5)
- ARC
 - Additional information requested after response received
 - Yes: 54% (32)
 - No⁷: 37% (22)
 - Not Applicable⁸: 9% (5)
 - Finding \bigcirc
 - 81% (48) of cases were deemed unfounded; 5 of these cases deemed unfounded after DORA resolution reached
 - 9% (5) of cases were deemed founded; 1 of these cases deemed founded after DORA resolution reached
 - 10% (6) of cases were not applicable⁹
 - Finding determination \bigcirc
 - 39% (23) of cases provided supporting documents or collateral information which disproved the complaint
 - 17% (10) of cases based on incorrect or outdated information
 - 19% (11) of cases had no associated standard
 - 9% (5) of cases were anonymous or incomplete complaints
 - 17% (10) of cases were not applicable¹⁰
 - Appeals
 - One case appealed after ARC deemed complaint founded and issued sanction of delisting

¹⁰ Not Applicable included complaints that were not under SOMB purview and complaints not yet resolved.



³ Polygraph examiners are not subject to DORA regulations.

⁴ Stipulations include any terms or instructions with which a provider needs to abide in order to remain compliant with DORA.

⁵ Cases were dismissed if requirements were fulfilled and therefore nullifying the complaint, if the complaint was being withdrawn prior to an official resolution being issued, or if the complaint did not move forward.

⁶ Not applicable cases included complaints against polygraph examiners which were reported to DORA (see footnote 3)

⁷ Additional information not requested from provider if information was already available from DORA.

⁸ Not Applicable included anonymous complaints and those not under SOMB purview.

⁹ Not Applicable included anonymous complaints, those not under SOMB purview, or provider voluntarily relinguished status.

• Finding and sanction were upheld by the SOMB

b. SOMB Purview Only, n=45¹¹

- Complaint filed against
 - Treatment provider: 87% (39)
 - Polygraph examiner: 13% (6)
- Complaint filed by
 - Offender: 71% (32)
 - Provider: 2% (1)
 - Offender family member: 4% (2)
 - ARC: 4% (2)
 - DORA: 2% (1)
 - Other¹²: 11% (5)
 - Anonymous: 4% (2)
- DORA
 - \circ Reported to DORA
 - 67% (30) of cases reported to DORA by the SOMB
 - 22% (10) of cases reported to the SOMB by DORA
 - 11% (5) of cases not applicable to report to DORA¹³
 - o DORA investigation conducted
 - 78% (35) of cases investigated by DORA (requested response from provider regarding allegations)
 - DORA resolution
 - Insufficient grounds: 33% (15)
 - Letter of admonition: 7% (3)
 - Stipulation¹⁴: 4% (2)
 - Open complaint/Not yet resolved: 2% (1)
 - Dismissed¹⁵: 42% (19)
 - Not applicable¹⁶: 11% (5)
- ARC
 - o Additional information requested after response received
 - Yes: 71% (32)
 - No¹⁷: 24% (11)
 - Not Applicable¹⁸: 4% (2)
 - Finding

¹³ Polygraph examiners are not subject to DORA regulations.

- ¹⁷ Additional information not requested from provider if information was already available from DORA.
- ¹⁸ Not Applicable included anonymous complaints and incomplete complaints.



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¹¹ Out of the original 59 cases.

¹² Other includes former employees, non-family member advocates, victim, etc.

¹⁴ Stipulations include any terms or instructions with which a provider needs to abide in order to remain compliant with DORA.

¹⁵ Cases were dismissed if requirements were fulfilled and therefore nullifying the complaint if the complaint was being withdrawn prior to an official resolution being issued or if the complaint did not move forward.

¹⁶ Not applicable cases included complaints against polygraph examiners which were reported to DORA.

- 87% (39) of cases were deemed unfounded; 5 were deemed unfounded after DORA resolution was reached
- 11% (5) of cases were deemed founded; one of these was deemed founded after DORA resolution was reached
- 2% (1) of cases were not applicable¹⁹
- Complaint resolution
 - 87% (39) of cases resulted in no standards violations being found
 - 2% (1) of cases were required to comply with a DORA stipulation
 - 9% (4) of cases voluntarily removed themselves as providers (inactive)
 - 2% (1) case resulted in de-listment
- o Finding determination
 - 51% (23) of cases provided supporting documents or collateral information which disproved the complaint
 - 22% (10) of cases based on incorrect or outdated information
 - 4% (2) of cases had no associated standard
 - 7% (3) of cases were anonymous or had incomplete complaints
 - 16% (7) of cases were not applicable²⁰
- \circ Appeals
 - One case appealed after ARC deemed complaint founded and issued sanction of delisting
 - Finding and sanction were upheld by the SOMB

²⁰ Not Applicable included complaints that were not yet resolved or founded complaints.



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¹⁹ Not Applicable included incomplete complaints.