WHEN A CRIME HAPPENS,



WHERE DO YOU GO?

Kate Horn-Murphy
Victim Services Director
17th Judicial District

The Intersects of Crime Survivors and Services

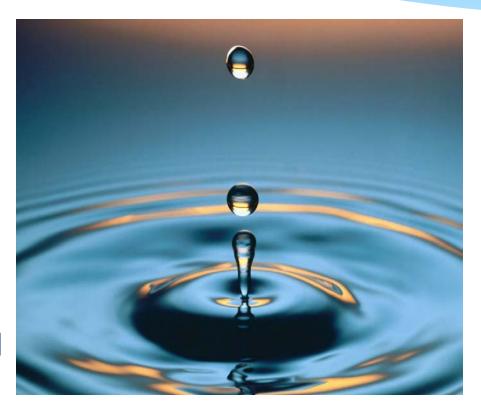


RIPPLE EFFECTS

ONE CRIME



ONE VICTIM

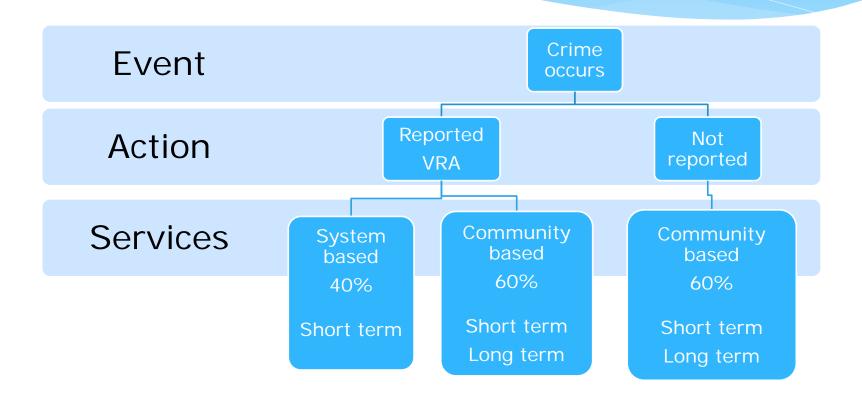


time of crime



all time after

Crime Victim / Service Pathways



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Fundamental Needs

* Safety

* Support

* Information

* Voice

* Access

* Continuum of care

2000 IACP Summit on Victims of Crime 1999 New Directions from the Field: USDOJ

STANDARD SERVICES

- * Crisis intervention
- Shelter and transitional housing
- Criminal justice assistance
- Civil legal advocacy
- Mental health counseling options (short-term)
- * Tangible emergency assistance

What Services Do Victims in Colorado Need?

* What the statewide DCJ survey told us!

Who, What, Where

* Survey sent to:

- Current Crime Victim Services (CVS) grantee project directors
- * 3 coalitions passed survey on to memberships
- * DA Victim/Witness Directors & Law Enforcement Coordinators

* 219 responses

- * 54% private non-profits & 46% criminal justice system (government)
- Every judicial district represented
- * 72% current CVS grantees & 28% not CVS grantees

Training Needs (Trends)

- Trauma Informed practices (interview-treatment)
- * Victim Rights Act (implementation compliance)
- Human Trafficking
- Use of technology by DV perpetrators
- Evidence based practices/program evaluation
- New strategies in victim services
- Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Child Abuse
- Victim Assistance training (general & specific)

Training Needs (cont.)

- Mental Health First Aid training
- Clinical training for SANE nurses
- Updates on federal/state legislation
- Best practices for outreach to underserved populations
- Legal wrap around services

Service Delivery Needs

- * Housing (shelter, transitional, permanent)
- * Legal services advocacy & civil legal services
- * Emergency Financial Services
- * Sexual assault response services for children
- Mental health services (trauma informed)
- * Language services

How are needed services determined

- Services not available in many areas (legal, housing, trafficking)
- Shortage of housing options (shelter no room/longer term- limited options
- * Limited agencies that provide legal services & long wait to get legal services
- * Limited medical/SANE exams for children (not all programs will provide exams for children)

Victim/Survivors Groups & Highest Need

Victims of domestic violence

Victims of sexual assault

Victims of child abuse

Victims of human trafficking

Why?

- * Domestic Violence
 - So many cases
- * Sexual Assault
 - Under-reported crime
- * Child abuse
 - Most at risk
 - Greatest challenges getting services
- * Human Trafficking
 - Not enough community awareness

Statewide Needs

Housing

SART & SAFE/SANE programs

Emergency Funds

Legal Services

What trends or innovation in serving crime victims/survivors do you see emerging within the next 5 years that could not be adequately addressed with the current level of financial resources?

- * Intersection of criminal and civil legal services & impact on victims
- Working with incarcerated victims
- * Advances in technology/social media
- * Innovative approaches to working with victims
- * Human Trafficking
- * Cyber crime/cyber stalking/bulling needs a unique approach

Future Trends (continued)

- Increase in elder abuse
- * Services for anonymous sexual assault reporting victims
- Holistic wrap around services for victims and families of victims (financial planning, parenting, employment, housing)
- * Addressing future legislative requirements
- * Integrated primary and mental health care

Future Trends (continued)

- * Protocols/policies to accommodate men with children
- Housing & homelessness
- * Prevention
- * Child visitation and exchange centers
- * In-house legal, mental health, and medical services for victims

QUESTIONS?

THANK YOU!

CCJJ, July 10, 2015