

Summary of Law Enforcement and District Attorney Reports of Student Contacts Academic Year 2022-2023

Pursuant to House Bill 15-1273

Prepared for the Education and Judiciary Committees of the Colorado
State House and Senate

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The corresponding Criminal Justice Contacts with Students dashboard can be accessed for additional information at dcj.colorado.gov/dcj-offices/ors/dashb-student.

Preface

In 2015, the Colorado General Assembly passed House Bill 1273 (see §24-33.5-503(1)(aa) & (2), C.R.S.; §20-1-113, C.R.S.; and §22-32-146(5), C.R.S.), mandating that local law enforcement agencies and district attorney offices annually report specific information to the Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) within the Colorado Department of Public Safety. These agencies must report every incident that resulted in a student’s arrest, summons or ticket during the academic year for an offense that occurred on school grounds, in a school vehicle, or at a school activity or event sanctioned by public elementary schools, middle or junior high schools, or high schools.

H.B. 15-1273 mandated DCJ to annually analyze and report these data disaggregated by law enforcement agency, district attorney’s office, and school. This report is presented to the Judiciary and Education Committees of the General Assembly in tandem with a corresponding web-based interactive data dashboard that provides information on individual schools and law enforcement agencies. ***These two reporting mechanisms - this report and the data dashboard - should be viewed together since only the report contains the analyses of all incidents and information regarding the development of the data sets used in the report and in the dashboard.*** The interactive website may be found at dcj.colorado.gov/dcj-offices/ors/dashb-student.

Every effort was made to protect the identity of individual students. Disaggregating the data by individual school required special precautions to protect student privacy. To this end, schools with five or fewer incidents were placed into a category titled “Schools with few incidents.” Additionally, when only one individual fell into a race/ethnicity category in a specific school, that case was placed into the “other or unknown” race/ethnicity category in an effort to protect the identity of the student.

For information on incidents analyzed by school, school district, and by law enforcement agency, please go to the following website to access the data dashboard: dcj.colorado.gov/dcj-offices/ors/dashb-student.

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Executive Summary

Background. In 2015, the Colorado General Assembly passed House Bill 15-1273, mandating that local law enforcement agencies annually report specific information to the Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) within the Colorado Department of Public Safety. These agencies must report every incident that resulted in a student's arrest, summons or ticket during the prior academic year for an offense that occurred at a public elementary school, middle or junior high school, or high school; in a school vehicle; or at a school activity or sanctioned event. In addition, H.B. 15-1273 mandated that each district attorney annually report to DCJ the name of any student who was granted pre or post filing juvenile or adult diversion for a ticket, summons, or offense that occurred at a public elementary school, middle or junior high school, or high school; in a school vehicle; or at a school activity or sanctioned event. The DCJ provided data collection instruments on its website for law enforcement agencies and district attorney offices to use that would allow for the submission of this information. This report covers the 2022-2023 academic year.

One hundred fifty-seven (157) law enforcement agencies provided data to DCJ for this study. Of these, fifty (51) law enforcement agencies reported no incidents and 106 agencies reported 4,810 qualifying incidents in 513 public schools for the 2022-23 academic year. This compares with 125 agencies in the 2021-22 school year (45 reported no incidents) reporting 4,550 incidents in 455 public schools. There are approximately 240 agencies in Colorado that are expected to report to DCJ. It is unknown if the non-reporting agencies did not have incidents on school grounds, or were unaware of the reporting requirements specified in H.B. 15-1273. The results in this report and presented on the dashboard should be interpreted with these limitations in mind.

All of the 22 district attorney offices submitted information to DCJ for the 2022-2023 academic year. One of these reported no cases.

Law enforcement incident reports. The majority (79%) of the 4,810 incidents resulted in law enforcement officers issuing a ticket or summons, 13% resulted in an arrest, and Other or Unknown type of contact represented 8% of the incidents. In terms of race/ethnicity, 45% of the students involved in the incidents reported by law enforcement were White, 38% were Hispanic/Latino, 9% were African-American/Black, and in 7% of incidents race/ethnicity was "other or unknown." The Colorado Department of Education reports the race/ethnicity distribution for all schools at the beginning of academic year 2022-23 as follows: 51% were White, 35% were Hispanic, 5 % were Black, and 9% of students fell into "other, Asian/Native Hawaiian/American Indian/Alaska Native."

Assault, marijuana-related offenses, and disorderly conduct were the most frequently occurring offenses. The distribution of cases for White students were 23% marijuana offenses, 14% assault, and 11% disorderly conduct offenses. Hispanic/Latino students were most likely to have a disorderly conduct offense (24%), followed by assault (22%), and marijuana (18%). The distribution of cases for African-American/Black students were 49% assault, 14% disorderly conduct, and marijuana (10%).

Weapons were reported to be present in 27% of incidents, however, this figure includes 1,058 (80%) instances when the weapon was a fist, feet, arm or leg (i.e. personal weapon). Sixty-two incidents, accounting for about 5% of all incidents analyzed, involved a firearm.

About 64% of the incidents reported by law enforcement agencies occurred in four judicial districts: the 1st, 17th, 18th and, 4th.

For information by law enforcement agency, school district, and school, please use the following link to access an interactive data dashboard: dcj.colorado.gov/dcj-offices/ors/dashb-student.

Court case outcome. H.B. 15-1273 requires that DCJ obtain the court disposition for the reported incident, when this information is available. Using data from the Colorado State Judicial ICON data system (which does not include Denver County Court data), court case records were found for 705 of the law enforcement records. Note that cases filed in county or district court are likely to reflect charges that are more serious, cases involving multiple offenses, or students with prior infractions. A conviction was located in 43% of the cases, charges were dismissed in 34% of cases and 23% of cases had not yet reached disposition. Charges were dismissed about evenly for White, Hispanic/Latino, and African American/Black students at approximately 35%.

Sentencing information was available for 277 cases. Of these, in 49% of cases the most serious sentence was a probation/deferred judgment, 39% of these cases received a diversion sentence, and 6% received unsupervised probation/deferred judgment. African American/Black and Other/Unknown race students were more likely to receive probation/deferred judgment compared to White. Four youths were sentenced to juvenile detention, community service, or jail.

District attorney diversion cases. Twenty-one of the district attorney offices reported 1,086 pre- and post-filing diversion cases with one DA's office reporting no cases. African-American/Black students represented seven percent of the cases, Hispanic/Latino students represented 25%, and Whites represented 63% of the cases; for the remaining five percent of cases, race/ethnicity was other/unknown. The cases were reported for 424 females (39%), 655 males (60%), and 7 unknown reported gender (1%). Offense type was found for 369 cases after matching district attorney cases with law enforcement records. Among these cases, marijuana was the most common offense (28%), followed by assault (24%) and disorderly conduct/fighting (8%).

Background

In 2015, the Colorado General Assembly passed House Bill 15-1273 (see §24-33.5-503(1)(aa) & (2), C.R.S.; §20-1-113, C.R.S.; and §22-32-146(5), C.R.S.), mandating that local law enforcement agencies annually report specific information to the Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) in the Department of Public Safety. Agencies must report every incident that resulted in a student's arrest, summons or ticket during the previous academic year. H.B. 15-1273 mandated DCJ to annually analyze and report the data by law enforcement agency and by school. For information on incidents analyzed by school, school district, and by law enforcement agency, please go to the following website to access an interactive data dashboard: dcj.colorado.gov/dcj-offices/ors/dashb-student.

In addition, H.B. 15-1273 mandated that each district attorney office annually report to DCJ specific information regarding any student who was granted pre or post filing juvenile or adult diversion for a ticket, summons, or offense that occurred at a public elementary school, middle or junior high school, or high school; in a school vehicle; or at a school activity or sanctioned event.

DCJ provided data collection instruments to law enforcement agencies and district attorney offices that allowed for the submission of this information for the period between August 1, 2022 and July 31, 2023.

This report is organized as follows: Section One describes the statute including the data requested, and also describes the approach employed to develop the data set; Section Two focuses on the findings from the data provided by law enforcement agencies; Section Three presents information on the final outcome of the incidents according to court records; and, Section Four provides results from district attorney filing diversion cases and a summary of the findings by judicial district.

Section 1: Data sources and method

Data sources

Law enforcement data. Based on the statutory mandate, each law enforcement agency employee or contractor who acted in an official capacity on school grounds, in a school vehicle, or at a school activity or sanctioned event at public elementary schools, middle or junior high schools, or high schools, is required to report the following information:

- a) The student's full name;
- b) The student's date of birth;
- c) The student's race, ethnicity, and gender;
- d) The name of the school where the incident occurred or the name of the school that operated the vehicle or held the activity or event;
- e) The date of the arrest or taking of a student into custody;
- f) The date of the issuance of the summons or ticket;
- g) The arrest or incident report number as recorded by the law enforcement agency;
- h) The single most serious offense for which a student was arrested, issued a summons, or issued a ticket using the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) crime code;
- i) The type of weapon involved, if any, for offenses classified as Group A offenses in NIBRS; and
- j) The law enforcement agency's originating reporting identifier.

For the period between August 1, 2022 and July 31, 2023, 157 law enforcement agencies provided information to DCJ. Of these, 51 agencies reported no-incidents and 106 agencies reported at least one school incident. The table below summarizes the number of agencies that responded to DCJ requests for school incidents, the number of agencies reporting incidents, and the total incidents reported by academic year.

Table 1.1: Reporting Trends, 2014-15 to 2021-22

Academic Year	Agencies responding to school incident reports	Agencies reporting incidents	Total Incidents
2014-15	92	71	6641
2015-16	147	101	6727
2016-17	140	91	6295
2017-18	165	106	7050
2018-19	128	92	6688
2019-20	131	91	4897
2020-21	132	77	1023
2021-22	125	80	4574

Approximately 240 law enforcement agencies are expected to report data to DCJ for this project. It is unknown if those agencies that did not report to DCJ did not have incidents on school grounds, or were unaware of the reporting requirements specified in H.B. 15-1273. DCJ provides data collection instruments to law enforcement agencies to capture reports of both incidents and non-incidents.

A note of caution. Given the limitations of law enforcement records management systems, it is likely that agencies reported incidents based on the address of the school. This means information may be missing regarding incidents that occurred elsewhere, such as in a school vehicle or at a school-sanctioned event. It also means that incidents that involved individuals other than students may be included in the data provided to DCJ.

District attorney data. H.B. 15-1273 mandates that each district attorney’s office (DA) annually report to DCJ specific information regarding any student who was granted pre- or post-filing juvenile diversion for a ticket, summons, or offense that occurred at a public elementary school, middle or junior high school, or high school; in a school vehicle; or at a school activity or sanctioned event.

The following information regarding pre- and post-file juvenile or adult diversion is required:

- a) The student’s full name;
- b) The student’s date of birth;
- c) The student’s race, ethnicity, and gender;
- d) The date of the arrest or taking of a student into custody;
- e) The date of the issuance of the summons or ticket;
- f) The arrest or incident report number as recorded by the law enforcement agency; and
- g) The name of the law enforcement agency that issued the ticket/summons or arrest.

This report covers the period between August 1, 2022 and July 31, 2023. It should be noted a substantive change in statute related to Senate Bill 21-066 which struck “pre-filing” from the school discipline reporting requirements. To this end, and effective with the 2021-2022 academic year reporting, district attorney offices included ALL juvenile or adult diversion cases in their data reporting. The reporting template was revised for the district attorney offices to indicate *Pre* or *Post* in a new *Filing Type* category. All of the 22 DA offices in Colorado submitted information to DCJ for the 2022-2023 academic year, with one DA office reporting no incidents.

Court data from the State Judicial Branch’s ICON data system. Using the Judicial ICON data system, efforts were made to locate the disposition of cases filed in county or district court. Note that Denver County Court is not part of the ICON system, so that information is unavailable. Additionally, there is no central repository for municipal court information so these data are not available for analysis. Court records were located for approximately 15% of incidents.

FBI Offense Categorization. To obtain the type of offense associated with the incidents provided, the offenses or crimes reported by the law enforcement agencies were matched with crime codes and categories provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s National Crime Information Center (NCIC). Not all reported incidents included a crime type, however. When this occurred, the offense type was coded “other.”

Colorado Department of Education. H.B. 15-1273 limits the analysis to public schools. An official list of public schools from the Colorado Department of Education (CDE) website was used to identify and

match the school name provided by law enforcement agencies with the official school name, and to obtain the school level (e.g., middle school). Some of the school names provided corresponded to a school facility, a school program or a private school not listed by CDE as having a school code. These incidents (a total of 29 incidents) were excluded from the analysis.

Method

Incident date and name. For an incident to qualify for inclusion in the study, the arrest date of the incident had to fall between August 1, 2022 and July 31, 2023. If the arrest date was outside the period of study, the incident was not included in the analysis. Incidents that did not include the name of the student (required for matching with court data) were eliminated from the court record analysis but included in the law enforcement contact analysis.

Some agencies reported more than one offense for the same person on the same arrest date, using the same incident number. When this occurred, the most serious offense was selected for analysis.

Contact type. H.B. 15-1273 called for the analysis of school-related incidents that resulted in either an arrest, a summons or a ticket. Because “summons” and “ticket” are used interchangeably, these two categories were combined. When the contact type was blank or unclear, which occurred for 379 reported incidents, the contact type was changed to “Other.”

Calculation of age. The data collection instrument requested the student’s date of birth (DOB). Using the DOB and the arrest date, the age of the person at the time of the incident was calculated. Incidents for which no DOB was available as the case was either expunged or sealed were placed in an “Unknown” category (n=42).

Once the age for each individual was calculated, the following categories were used: Those 10-11 years old, 12-13 years old, 14-15 years old, 16-17 years old, and 18-19 years old. Incidents with students age 20 and older and those age 9 or younger were excluded from the analysis (n=17).

Schools. School information was necessary to identify those incidents that occurred on school premises. Incidents for which the school name was not provided, or the name was not on the list of Colorado Department of Education Schools, were eliminated (n=29). Also, to protect the identity of students who may be involved in the incidents reported here, schools with five or fewer incidents were placed in a category titled “Schools with few incidents.” In total, 286 schools (55%) were re-assigned to the category “Schools with few incidents.”

Race/ethnicity. The following categories describe race/ethnicity: White, Hispanic, Black, and Other/unknown. To ensure the privacy of students in this study, further aggregation was done based on race/ethnicity in the following manner: When there was a school with only one incident, the race/ethnicity of the student was changed to “other/unknown.”

Matching records. Name, date of birth, incident/arrest number, arrest date and most serious offense from the law enforcement agency data were used to match incidents with court records in the Judicial ICON data system. A similar matching process was undertaken to obtain offense type for the district attorney diversion cases. Note that ICON does not contain municipal court records or Denver County Court data, so this information was not available for analysis.

Summary

One hundred fifty-eight (157) law enforcement agencies responded to the DCJ request for school incident reports corresponding to the 2022-23 academic year. Out of those that responded, 106 law enforcement agencies reported incidents in at least one school in their jurisdiction. Fifty (51) law enforcement agencies reported no-incidents in their jurisdiction.

Approximately 240 law enforcement agencies are expected to report data to DCJ for this study. It is unknown if those agencies that did not report to DCJ did not have schools in their jurisdiction, did not have incidents on school grounds, or were unaware of the reporting requirements specified in H.B. 15-1273. DCJ has conducted outreach through Colorado's law enforcement associations to make sure that all agencies understand their reporting requirement.

Given the limitations of law enforcement records management systems, it is likely that law enforcement agencies reported incidents based on the address of the school. This means information may be missing regarding incidents that occurred elsewhere (school vehicle or school-sanctioned event). It also means that incidents that involved individuals other than students may be included in the data provided to DCJ.

A total of 4,810 incidents in 513 public schools were included in the analyses presented here. Court records were found for 705 incidents, representing about 15% of the 4,810 incidents analyzed. Since these cases were filed in district or county court (not including Denver County Court), it is likely that these 705 incidents represent more serious offenses, cases with multiple charges, or individuals with prior incidents. All of the 22 district attorney offices in Colorado submitted information to DCJ, with one reporting no cases.

Section 2: Analysis of law enforcement contacts

One hundred and eight (106) law enforcement agencies reported 4,810 qualifying incidents in 513 public schools during the 2022-23 academic year, from August 1, 2022 through July 31, 2023.

This section provides an analysis of law enforcement reports of incidents. For additional information on incidents analyzed by school and by law enforcement agency, please visit the Criminal Justice Contacts with Students dashboard at dcj.colorado.gov/dcj-offices/ors/dashb-student.

Description of incidents

Table 2.1 shows that 79% of incidents resulted in a summons/ticket, 13% resulted in arrest, and approximately 8% of incidents were either “other or unknown.” In terms of race/ethnicity (Table 2.2), 45% of students were White, 38% were Hispanic/Latino, 9% were African-American/Black, and for 7% of students the race was either “other or unknown.”

Table 2.1: Contact type

Contact Type	N	Percent
Summons	3,809	79%
Arrest	622	13%
Other/Unknown	379	8%
Total	4,810	100%

Table 2.2: Student race/ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	N	Percent
White	2,176	45%
Hispanic/Latino	1,824	38%
African-American/Black	451	9%
Other	359	7%
Total	4,810	100%

Fifty-eight percent (58%) of incidents reported by law enforcement agencies involved male students, 42% involved female students, and for under one percent of the students the gender was unknown (data not displayed). Table 2.3 shows the age of the students involved in the incidents. Fourteen and 15-year-olds were more likely than those in the other age categories to be involved in the incidents reported here. Four percent (4%) of cases fell into the 10-11 age category and 2% fell into the 18-19 age category. Table 2.4 shows that 2% of the incidents occurred in elementary schools, 30% occurred in middle or junior high schools, 60% occurred in high schools, and 8% occurred in other level schools.

Table 2.3: Student age category

Age	N	Percent
10-11	209	4%
12-13	1,201	25%
14-15	2,037	42%
16-17	1,201	25%
18-19	107	2%
Unknown	55	1%
Total	4,810	100%



Table 2.4: School level

School Level	N	Percent
Elementary	116	2%
Middle/Junior High	1,423	30%
High	2,869	60%
Other (*)	402	8%
Total	4,810	100%

(*) Other includes public Charter schools, Innovation schools, Magnet and Option schools, and Online schools.

Table 2.5 shows the type of offenses involved in the incidents described here. The most frequently occurring offense was assault with 21% of incidents reported by law enforcement agencies. Marijuana (20%) and Disorderly conduct/fighting (16%), when combined with assault, represent more than fifty percent all incidents as shown in the percent column in Table 2.5.

Table 2.5: Offense type

Offense	N	Percent
Assault	1,023	21%
Marijuana	959	20%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	781	16%
Public Order Crimes	265	6%
Harassment/Harassing communication	244	5%
Tobacco	207	4%
Liquor/Alcohol	191	4%
Dangerous Drugs	121	3%
Weapon Offense	117	2%
Damage Property	100	2%
Larceny/Theft	99	2%
Trespassing	93	2%
Sexual Assault/Offense	63	1%
Drug Paraphernalia	62	1%
Traffic Offense	61	1%
Menacing	41	1%
Minor in Possession	37	1%
Interference with Educational Institution	33	1%
Obstructing/Tampering	33	1%
Criminal Mischief	31	1%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	28	1%
Aggravated Assault	26	1%
Warrant	17	0%
Disturbing the peace	15	0%
Failure to appear	11	0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	9	0%
Arson	8	0%
Robbery	8	0%
Kidnapping	7	0%
Burglary	6	0%
Attempted Murder	1	0%
Other	113	2%
Total	4,810	100%



Table 2.6 shows offense type by school level. Assault (33%) and trespassing (15%) were the most common offenses in elementary schools. Assault (24%) and marijuana (21%) were the most frequently reported offense in middle or junior high schools. Marijuana (21%) and assault (19%) were the most common offense types in high schools. For the Other schools, 29% of contacts reported were disorderly conduct offenses and 26% were assault cases.

Table 2.6: Offense type by school level

Offense	Elementary	Middle/ Junior High	High	Other	Total
Total Cases Reported	116	1,423	2,869	402	4,810
Assault	33%	24%	19%	26%	21%
Marijuana	6%	21%	21%	11%	20%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	5%	16%	15%	29%	16%
Public Order Crimes	1%	4%	7%	4%	6%
Harassment/Harassing communication	5%	6%	5%	4%	5%
Tobacco	2%	7%	4%	1%	4%
Liquor/Alcohol	1%	3%	4%	5%	4%
Dangerous Drugs	2%	1%	3%	4%	3%
Weapon Offense	1%	1%	3%	1%	2%
Damage Property	8%	2%	2%	1%	2%
Larceny/Theft	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%
Trespassing	15%	1%	2%	1%	2%
Sexual Assault/Offense	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%
Drug Paraphernalia	0%	1%	2%	0%	1%
Traffic Offense	0%	0%	2%	1%	1%
Menacing	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Minor in Possession	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Interference with Educational Institution	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Obstructing/Tampering	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Criminal Mischief	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%
Aggravated Assault	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%
Warrant	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Disturbing the peace	2%	0%	0%	1%	0%
Failure to appear	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Arson	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Robbery	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Kidnapping	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Burglary	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Attempted Murder	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Other	3%	2%	3%	1%	2%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Given the frequency of assault and disorderly conduct, it is not surprising that law enforcement agencies reported that 27% (n=1,315) of total incidents involved a weapon. However, Table 2.7 shows that personal weapons (80%), such as fists or feet, were the most common weapons reported. A firearm was present in 5% of incidents involving a weapon (n=62).

Table 2.7: Weapon type (1,315)

Weapon	N	Percent
Personal Weapons	1,058	80%
Other	91	7%
Knife/Cutting Instrument	83	6%
Handgun	47	4%
Any Firearm	15	1%
Blunt Object	13	1%
Fire/Incendiary Device/Explosives	6	0%
Motor Vehicle	2	0%
Total	1,315	100%

Description of incidents by contact type

Table 2.8 shows female students are more likely to receive a summons/ticket than were males, at 83% and 77% respectively. Male students were more likely to get arrested (14% of the incidents compared to 11% for females). Male and female students had other or unknown contact types with law enforcement in about 9% and 6% of the incidents, respectively. As shown in Table 2.9, all age groups were more likely to receive a summons. The 16 to 17-year-olds students were most likely to be arrested, which occurred in 17% of the incidents.

Table 2.8: Student gender by contact type

Gender	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
Female	2,005	83%	11%	6%	100%
Male	2,794	77%	14%	9%	100%
Unknown	11	0%	9%	91%	100%
Total	4,810	79%	13%	8%	100%

Table 2.9: Age category by contact type

Age	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
10-11	209	79%	10%	11%	100%
12-13	1,201	84%	7%	9%	100%
14-15	2,037	79%	14%	7%	100%
16-17	1,201	76%	17%	7%	100%
18-19	107	79%	16%	6%	100%
Unknown	55	64%	2%	35%	100%
Total	4,810	79%	13%	8%	100%



Table 2.10 reflects the number of incidents that occurred at different school levels. Twelve percent of incidents that occurred in elementary schools resulted in an arrest, 8% in middle schools, 16% in high schools, and 10% in other schools. It should be noted that, of the 116 incidents committed in elementary schools, only 54 offenses were committed by 10-11 years old, 28 incidents were committed by 12-13 years old, 19 incidents committed by 14-15 and 15 incidents were committed by 16-19 years old and unknown age.

Table 2.10: School level by contact type

School Level	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
Elementary	116	74%	12%	14%	100%
Middle/Junior High	1,423	83%	8%	9%	100%
High	2,869	77%	16%	8%	100%
Other (*)	402	86%	10%	4%	100%
Total	4,810	79%	13%	8%	100%

(*) Other includes public Charter schools, Innovation schools, Magnet and Option schools, and Online schools.

In terms of race/ethnicity and contact type, Hispanic/Latino students were more likely to receive a summons (84%) compared to White (78%), African-American/Black (69%), or other race students (73%). African-American/Black students were more almost twice as likely to be arrested (25%) than the overall rate of 13% (Table 2.11).

Table 2.11: Student race/ethnicity by contact type

Race/Ethnicity	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
White	2,176	78%	12%	10%	100%
Hispanic/Latino	1,824	84%	11%	5%	100%
African-American/Black	451	69%	25%	6%	100%
Other/Unknown	359	73%	13%	14%	100%
Total	4,810	79%	13%	8%	100%

Table 2.12 shows the types of offenses that are more likely to result in an arrest. More serious offenses such as attempted murder, kidnapping, burglary, motor vehicle theft, and warrant or failure to appear were likely to result in an arrest. Incidents resulting in an aggravated assault offense were more likely to be linked to an arrest (58% of the aggravated assault incidents); This is also the case with weapons-related crime (note that weapons include fists or feet) which resulted in 44% of weapon offenses resulted in an arrest. Regarding the top three offenses, assault and marijuana resulted in an arrest in 24% or 8% respectively of the cases, while disorderly conduct/fighting resulted in an arrest in 4% of incidents.

Table 2.12: Offense type by contact type

Offense	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
Assault	1,023	68%	24%	8%	100%
Marijuana	959	85%	8%	7%	100%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	781	92%	4%	4%	100%
Public Order Crimes	265	96%	2%	2%	100%
Harassment/Harassing communication	244	80%	9%	11%	100%
Tobacco	207	94%	0%	6%	100%
Liquor/Alcohol	191	93%	1%	6%	100%
Dangerous Drugs	121	76%	15%	9%	100%
Weapon Offense	117	42%	44%	15%	100%
Damage Property	100	72%	18%	10%	100%
Larceny/Theft	99	82%	10%	8%	100%
Trespassing	93	86%	9%	5%	100%
Sexual Assault/Offense	63	46%	25%	29%	100%
Drug Paraphernalia	62	97%	0%	3%	100%
Traffic Offense	61	90%	0%	10%	100%
Menacing	41	51%	34%	15%	100%
Minor in Possession	37	81%	0%	19%	100%
Interference with Educational Institution	33	61%	21%	18%	100%
Obstructing/Tampering	33	67%	30%	3%	100%
Criminal Mischief	31	74%	6%	19%	100%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	28	54%	32%	14%	100%
Aggravated Assault	26	35%	58%	8%	100%
Warrant	17	12%	88%	0%	100%
Disturbing the peace	15	87%	7%	7%	100%
Failure to appear	11	0%	91%	9%	100%
Motor Vehicle Theft	9	11%	67%	22%	100%
Arson	8	75%	0%	25%	100%
Robbery	8	38%	25%	38%	100%
Kidnapping	7	14%	86%	0%	100%
Burglary	6	17%	83%	0%	100%
Attempted Murder	1	0%	100%	0%	100%
Other	113	62%	12%	27%	100%
Total	4,810	79%	13%	8%	100%

Over twenty-seven percent (27%) of incidents involved weapons, according to law enforcement reports. However, 80% of these incidents included personal weapons (such as fists or feet). As shown in Table 2.13, none of the incidents involving blunt object, fire/incendiary device/explosive, or motor vehicle weapons resulted in an arrest; 91% of incidents that involved handguns resulted in an arrest, and 67% of incidents involving any firearm resulted in an arrest; About 29% of incidents that involved a knife/cutting instrument resulted in an arrest.

Table 2.13: Weapon by contact type

Weapon	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
Personal Weapons	1,058	72%	22%	6%	100%
Knife/Cutting Instrument	83	53%	29%	18%	100%
Handgun	47	2%	91%	6%	100%
Any Firearm	15	27%	67%	7%	100%
Blunt Object	13	92%	0%	8%	100%
Fire/Incendiary Device/Explosives	6	83%	0%	17%	100%
Motor Vehicle	2	100%	0%	0%	100%
Other	91	88%	5%	7%	100%
Total	1,315	69%	24%	7%	100%

Summary. Males are more likely to be arrested compared to females, and those incidents that involved a serious weapon, such as a firearm or knife/cutting instrument, were more likely to result in an arrest. Twenty-four percent of assault cases resulted in an arrest, but only 8% of marijuana and 4% of disorderly conduct-related incidents resulted in an arrest.

Description of incidents by race/ethnicity

Table 2.14 shows the distribution of gender by race/ethnicity for those involved in the 4,810 incidents. Table 2.15 displays the distribution of age within each racial/ethnic group and Table 2.16 reflects the race/ethnicity distribution within each age category.

Table 2.15 shows age category by race/ethnicity. Table 2.15 shows that African-American/Black students were more likely (50%) to fall into the 14-15 age category than the overall (42%) age distribution. Hispanic/Latino students and Other/Unknown race/ethnicity category (29% and 27% respectively) were more likely to fall into the 12-13 age category than the overall (25%) age distribution.

Table 2.14: Student gender by race/ethnicity

Gender	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	2,176	1,824	451	359	4,810
Female	40%	45%	45%	33%	42%
Male	60%	55%	55%	64%	58%
Unknown	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Table 2.15: Student age category by race/ethnicity

Age	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	2,176	1,824	451	359	4,810
10-11	4%	5%	4%	9%	4%
12-13	23%	29%	18%	27%	25%
14-15	43%	42%	50%	35%	42%
16-17	27%	22%	27%	23%	25%
18-19	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%
Unknown	1%	1%	0%	3%	1%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Table 2.16 shows race/ethnicity by age category. While White students were involved in 45% of incidents overall, 49% of students in the 16-17 age categories were White. While Hispanic/Latino students were involved in 38% of incidents overall, approximately 43% of students in the 12-13. While African-American/Black students were involved in 9% of incidents overall, 11% of students in the 14-15 were Black. It should be noted that for 55 incidents, the age of the students was not provided as the case was either expunged or sealed.

Table 2.16: Student age category by race/ethnicity

Age	N	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
10-11	209	37%	40%	8%	15%	100%
12-13	1,201	42%	43%	7%	8%	100%
14-15	2,037	46%	37%	11%	6%	100%
16-17	1,201	49%	34%	10%	7%	100%
18-19	107	46%	39%	5%	10%	100%
Unknown	55	58%	20%	0%	22%	100%
Total	4,810	45%	38%	9%	7%	100%

Table 2.17 shows school level by race/ethnicity. Hispanics were more likely to be involved in middle school incidents compared to the overall race/ethnicity distribution. Incidents in high schools accounted for the majority across all racial/ethnic categories except other/unknown.

Table 2.17: School level by race/ethnicity of students

School Level	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	2,176	1,824	451	359	4,810
Elementary	3%	1%	1%	9%	2%
Middle/Junior High	27%	33%	25%	33%	30%
High	63%	56%	69%	45%	60%
Other (*)	7%	10%	5%	13%	8%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(*) Other includes public Charter schools, Innovation schools, Magnet and Option schools, and Online schools.

Table 2.18 depicts the race/ethnicity of students by offense type. Overall, 45% of incidents involved White students, 38% involved Hispanic/Latinos, 9% involved African-American/Blacks, and 7% involved students of other or unknown race/ethnicity. Of the assault offenses, 30% of those charged were White, 39% were Hispanic/Latino and 22% were African-American/Black. Hispanic/Latino students were charged with 56% of disorderly conduct/fighting, and 55% of failure to appear. African-American/Black students were charged in 50% of robbery offenses, and 22% of assault or motor vehicle theft.

Table 2.18: Offense type by race/ethnicity of students

Offense	N	White	Hispanic /Latino	African-American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
Assault	1,023	30%	39%	22%	10%	100%
Marijuana	959	53%	35%	5%	7%	100%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	781	32%	56%	8%	4%	100%
Public Order Crimes	265	63%	26%	6%	5%	100%
Harassment/Harassing communication	244	45%	38%	11%	6%	100%
Tobacco	207	63%	32%	0%	5%	100%
Liquor/Alcohol	191	62%	22%	6%	10%	100%
Dangerous Drugs	121	66%	27%	0%	7%	100%
Weapon Offense	117	42%	34%	19%	5%	100%
Damage Property	100	63%	28%	2%	7%	100%
Larceny/Theft	99	60%	24%	5%	11%	100%
Trespassing	93	45%	40%	8%	8%	100%
Sexual Assault/Offense	63	57%	29%	6%	8%	100%
Drug Paraphernalia	62	44%	52%	0%	5%	100%
Traffic Offense	61	52%	39%	2%	7%	100%
Menacing	41	37%	32%	7%	24%	100%
Minor in Possession	37	32%	43%	11%	14%	100%
Interference with Educational Institution	33	48%	36%	3%	12%	100%
Obstructing/Tampering	33	55%	27%	6%	12%	100%
Criminal Mischief	31	52%	35%	0%	13%	100%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	28	57%	39%	4%	0%	100%
Aggravated Assault	26	42%	35%	4%	19%	100%
Warrant	17	18%	47%	18%	18%	100%
Disturbing the peace	15	27%	33%	13%	27%	100%
Failure to appear	11	45%	55%	0%	0%	100%
Motor Vehicle Theft	9	11%	44%	22%	22%	100%
Arson	8	62%	38%	0%	0%	100%
Robbery	8	0%	38%	50%	12%	100%
Kidnapping	7	71%	14%	0%	14%	100%
Burglary	6	67%	0%	17%	17%	100%
Attempted Murder	1	0%	100%	0%	0%	100%
Other	113	58%	30%	4%	8%	100%
Total	4,810	45%	38%	9%	7%	100%

Table 2.19 shows the offense type by the race/ethnicity of students, which is the reverse of Table 2.18. White (23%) students were most frequently involved in marijuana-related offenses. Hispanic/Latino students were most frequently charged with disorderly conduct (24%). African-American/Black students and Other/Unknown race students were most frequently involved in assault (respectively 49% and 27%).

Table 2.19: Offense type by race/ethnicity of students

Offense	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	2,176	1,824	451	359	4,810
Assault	14%	22%	49%	27%	21%
Marijuana	23%	18%	10%	19%	20%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	11%	24%	14%	8%	16%
Public Order Crimes	8%	4%	3%	4%	6%
Harassment/Harassing communication	5%	5%	6%	4%	5%
Tobacco	6%	4%	0%	3%	4%
Liquor/Alcohol	5%	2%	2%	5%	4%
Dangerous Drugs	4%	2%	0%	2%	3%
Weapon Offense	2%	2%	5%	2%	2%
Damage Property	3%	2%	0%	2%	2%
Larceny/Theft	3%	1%	1%	3%	2%
Trespassing	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Sexual Assault/Offense	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Drug Paraphernalia	1%	2%	0%	1%	1%
Traffic Offense	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%
Menacing	1%	1%	1%	3%	1%
Minor in Possession	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Interference with Educational Institution	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%
Obstructing/Tampering	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%
Criminal Mischief	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%
Aggravated Assault	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%
Warrant	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%
Disturbing the peace	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
Failure to appear	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
Arson	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Robbery	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%
Kidnapping	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Burglary	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Attempted Murder	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Other	3%	2%	1%	3%	2%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Table 2.20 shows incidents involving a weapon by race/ethnicity of students. Note that weapons were involved in 27% (n=1,315) of incidents, however, as previously discussed, this figure includes 1,058 instances when the weapon was a fist or feet (personal weapon). Eighty-five percent (85%) of Hispanic/Latino students and eight-three percent (83%) of African-American/Black students used personal weapons compared to 80% overall. Ten percent (10%) of White students used a Knife/Cutting Instrument compared to 6% overall.

Table 2.20: Weapon type by race/ethnicity (n= 1,315)

Weapon	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American/ Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	390	527	275	123	1,315
Personal Weapons	73%	85%	83%	77%	80%
Knife/Cutting Instrument	10%	4%	5%	5%	6%
Handgun	3%	4%	3%	7%	4%
Any Firearm	2%	1%	0%	2%	1%
Blunt Object	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Fire/Incendiary Device/Explosives	1%	0%	0%	2%	0%
Motor Vehicle	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Other	9%	5%	8%	7%	7%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Overall Summary. Most incidents (60%) occurred in high schools, and of those only 16% of incidents resulted in an arrest versus a summons/ticket (77%). Most serious offenses such as attempted murder, kidnapping, burglary, motor vehicle theft, and warrant or failure to appear were likely to result in an arrest. Fifty-eight percent (58%) of aggravated assault offenses and 44% of weapon offenses resulted in an arrest. White students were involved in 45% of incidents overall, and were most likely to be charged with marijuana-related offenses (23%) and assault (14%). Hispanic/Latino students, involved in 38% of incidents overall, were most likely to be charged with disorderly conduct (24%) and assault (22%). African-American/Black students, involved in 9% of incidents overall, were most likely to be charged with assault (49%) and disorderly conduct (14%).

Description of incidents by judicial district

This section presents results by judicial district.

Table 2.21 shows the distribution on incidents by judicial district. The 1st (18%), 17th (15%), 18th (22%), and 4th (8%) Judicial Districts accounted for the largest percent of incidents. The lack of availability of Denver County Court (2nd Judicial District) cases results in a smaller number of cases reported because only more serious District or Juvenile Court cases are included in the ICON database.

Table 2.21: Judicial district by number of incidents

Judicial District	N	Percent
1	883	18%
2	200	4%
3	4	0%
4	395	8%
5	108	2%
6	45	1%
7	76	2%
8	224	5%
9	86	2%
10	208	4%
11	15	0%
12	42	1%
13	92	2%
14	100	2%
15	2	0%
16	1	0%
17	722	15%
18	1,073	22%
19	359	7%
20	108	2%
21	29	1%
22	38	1%
Total	4,810	100%



Table 2.22 provides information about whether the incident involved a summons/ticket or an arrest, by judicial district. Incidents in certain judicial districts, such as the 2nd, 3rd, 15th (*note the 15th judicial district only had 2 reported incidents*) and 18th had higher likelihood of arrest compared to the overall arrest proportion for all districts (13%) There were several districts, such as the 7th, 9th, 12th, 13th, 16th, and 22nd that reported no arrests. As discussed previously, arrests were more likely to occur when more serious offenses were involved.

Table 2.22: Judicial district by contact type

Judicial District	N	Summons	Arrest	Other/Unknown	Total
1	883	86%	13%	0%	100%
2	200	86%	14%	0%	100%
3	4	25%	25%	50%	100%
4	395	95%	5%	0%	100%
5	108	48%	2%	50%	100%
6	45	84%	4%	11%	100%
7	76	88%	0%	12%	100%
8	224	91%	4%	5%	100%
9	86	100%	0%	0%	100%
10	208	91%	8%	0%	100%
11	15	73%	7%	20%	100%
12	42	57%	0%	43%	100%
13	92	90%	0%	10%	100%
14	100	48%	5%	47%	100%
15	2	0%	100%	0%	100%
16	1	0%	0%	100%	100%
17	722	96%	4%	1%	100%
18	1,073	55%	33%	12%	100%
19	359	77%	6%	16%	100%
20	108	86%	12%	2%	100%
21	29	93%	7%	0%	100%
22	38	55%	0%	45%	100%
Total	4,810	79%	13%	8%	100%



Table 2.23 provides information on the race/ethnicity of students involved in incidents, by judicial district. This information should be considered in the context of the race/ethnicity distribution of students in these judicial districts; please see Appendix D, Table D.2, for this information.

Table 2.23: Incidents by judicial district by race/ethnicity of students

Judicial District	N	White	Hispanic/Latino	African-American/Black	Other/Unknown	Total
1	883	50%	40%	6%	4%	100%
2	200	15%	44%	22%	19%	100%
3	4	25%	0%	0%	75%	100%
4	395	47%	22%	21%	10%	100%
5	108	28%	54%	0%	19%	100%
6	45	64%	22%	0%	13%	100%
7	76	63%	32%	3%	3%	100%
8	224	64%	26%	3%	7%	100%
9	86	55%	40%	0%	6%	100%
10	208	24%	70%	2%	4%	100%
11	15	80%	0%	0%	20%	100%
12	42	21%	76%	0%	2%	100%
13	92	30%	60%	0%	10%	100%
14	100	82%	12%	3%	3%	100%
15	2	0%	100%	0%	0%	100%
16	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%
17	722	31%	61%	2%	5%	100%
18	1,073	48%	25%	21%	6%	100%
19	359	57%	32%	2%	8%	100%
20	108	56%	31%	4%	9%	100%
21	29	48%	21%	7%	24%	100%
22	38	45%	0%	0%	55%	100%
Total	4,810	45%	38%	9%	7%	100%



Table 2.24 shows the weapon type by judicial district for the 1,315 incidents that involved a weapon. It is important to reiterate that the majority (80%) of weapons reported were “personal,” such as fists or feet.

Table 2.24: Judicial district by weapon type

JD*	N	Any Firearm	Blunt Object	Fire/ Incendiary /Explosives	Handgun	Knife/ Cutting Instrument	Motor vehicle	Personal Weapons	Other	Total
1	100	1%	0%	0%	1%	18%	1%	74%	5%	100%
2	159	1%	0%	0%	6%	2%	0%	88%	3%	100%
3	1	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%
4	157	1%	3%	0%	2%	5%	0%	66%	23%	100%
5	11	9%	0%	9%	0%	18%	0%	55%	9%	100%
6	3	0%	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	0%	100%
7	2	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	50%	100%
8	47	0%	2%	2%	4%	13%	0%	49%	30%	100%
9	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	50%	25%	100%
10	110	0%	2%	0%	3%	4%	0%	91%	1%	100%
11	7	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	86%	0%	100%
12	9	11%	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	56%	0%	100%
13	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%
14	7	14%	0%	0%	0%	57%	0%	29%	0%	100%
15	2	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%
16	1	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	100%
17	102	0%	0%	3%	6%	2%	0%	85%	4%	100%
18	410	1%	1%	0%	3%	6%	0%	84%	4%	100%
19	131	0%	0%	0%	4%	3%	0%	92%	1%	100%
20	39	8%	0%	0%	3%	5%	0%	77%	8%	100%
21	8	12%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	88%	0%	100%
22	4	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	50%	25%	100%
Total	1,315	1%	1%	0%	4%	6%	0%	80%	7%	100%

* JD - Judicial District

Summary. Approximately 63% of the incidents reported by law enforcement agencies occurred in the 1st, 17th, 18th, and 4th judicial districts. Incidents in certain judicial districts had higher arrest rates compared to the overall arrest rate for all districts (13%); however, the number of incidents in some of these locations is small. As discussed previously, arrests were more likely to occur when more serious offenses were involved.

Section 3: Analysis of court records

District and county court records were matched with incidents using the State Judicial ICON data system by using student name, date of birth, arrest/incident number, and arrest date. Of the 4,810 incidents analyzed, court records were found for 705 incidents, or approximately 15% of incidents. However, Denver County Court and all municipal court records are not contained in ICON, so this information is not available for analysis. The majority of lower level offenses are most likely referred to municipal courts but there is no central repository for municipal court data in Colorado. Since the 705 cases were filed in district or county court, it is likely that these incidents represent more serious offenses, or individuals with prior incidents.

Table 3.1 shows that 43% of incidents that resulted in an identified court filing were convicted, 34% were dismissed/not guilty, and 23% of the cases found in the ICON data system had not yet been resolved by November 2023 when the case matching analysis occurred.

Table 3.1: Case outcome (n= 705)

Outcome	N	Percent
Convicted	302	43%
Dismissed/Not Guilty	240	34%
No Finding - Case not yet resolved	163	23%
Total	705	100%

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Table 3.2 shows the case outcome by type of offense and Table 3.3 shows the percent of cases that were convicted at disposition. For offenses with more than 20 incidents, weapon offenses and disorderly conduct/fighting had a 64% conviction rate, followed by assault (55%).

Table 3.2: Offense type by case outcome (frequency) (n=705)

Offense	N	Convicted	Charges Dismissed/ Not Guilty	No Finding/ Not yet resolved
Marijuana	167	70	72	25
Assault	154	84	28	42
Tobacco	51	1	42	8
Weapon Offense	47	30	5	12
Harassment/Harassing communication	41	9	17	15
Liquor/Alcohol	36	12	19	5
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	33	21	6	6
Interference with Educational Institution	29	10	14	5
Menacing	17	8	3	6
Sexual Assault/Offense	13	4	1	8
Traffic Offense	13	6	5	2
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	11	8	1	2
Criminal Mischief	10	7	1	2
Drug Paraphernalia	10	0	8	2
Trespassing	10	3	5	2
Dangerous Drugs	9	5	2	2
Obstruct	8	2	2	4
Larceny/Theft	6	3	1	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	5	3	0	2
Robbery	5	2	0	3
Violation of Protection Order	4	3	1	0
Burglary	3	2	0	1
Forgery	3	2	0	1
Kidnapping	3	2	0	1
Aggravated Assault	2	0	0	2
Contributing to Delinquency of Minor	2	0	2	0
Warrant	2	0	0	2
Other	11	5	5	1
Total	705	302	240	163

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Table 3.3. Offense type by conviction rate (n=302)

Offense	Percent Convicted
Marijuana	42%
Assault	55%
Tobacco	2%
Weapon Offense	64%
Harassment/Harassing communication	22%
Liquor/Alcohol	33%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	64%
Interference with Educational Institution	34%
Menacing	47%
Sexual Assault/Offense	31%
Traffic Offense	46%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	73%
Criminal Mischief	70%
Drug Paraphernalia	0%
Trespassing	30%
Dangerous Drugs	56%
Obstruct	25%
Larceny/Theft	50%
Motor Vehicle Theft	60%
Robbery	40%
Violation of Protection Order	75%
Burglary	67%
Forgery	67%
Kidnapping	67%
Aggravated Assault	0%
Contributing to Delinquency of Minor	0%
Warrant	0%
Other	45%
Total	43%

Table 3.4 display the contact type by court case outcome. Of those who received a summons, 32% were convicted, 49% were dismissed/not guilty, and 19% had not reached a disposition. Of those arrested, 61% were convicted, 12% were dismissed/not guilty, and 27% had not reached a disposition.

Table 3.4.: Offense type by conviction rate (n=705)

Case Outcome	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	417	220	68	705
Convicted	32%	61%	51%	43%
Dismissed/Not Guilty	49%	12%	15%	34%
No Finding - Case not yet resolved	19%	27%	34%	23%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data. The percent convicted is based only on cases that have reached disposition.

Table 3.5 displays the court case outcome by student race/ethnicity for those incidents that were identified with district or county court records. Convictions occurred more frequently for White students (46%) followed by students of Other/Unknown race/ethnicity (45%) compared to the other race/ethnicity groups; Hispanic/Latino and African American/Black students were convicted at 39% and 36% respectively. Charges were dismissed about evenly for White, Hispanic/Latino, and African American/Black students (approximately 35%) compared to students of Other/Unknown race/ethnicity. In 32% of cases involving African American/Black students, the cases were not yet resolved at the time of this analysis, which was higher than the overall unresolved rate of 23% or White rate of 20%.

Table 3.5: Case outcome by race/ethnicity of students (n=705)

Case Outcome	White	Hispanic/Latino	African-American/Black	Other/Unknown	Total
N	360	208	59	78	705
Convicted	46%	39%	36%	45%	43%
Dismissed/Not Guilty	34%	36%	32%	28%	34%
No Finding - Case not yet resolved	20%	25%	32%	27%	23%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Of the 302 cases that were convicted, 277 cases had a sentence recorded at the time the data were obtained for analysis. Table 3.6 shows the most serious sentence for each offense. Forty-nine percent of the 302 incidents received a sentence to probation/deferred judgment, 39% received a sentence to diversion services, and 6% were on Unsupervised Probation/Deferred judgement. Four youths were sentenced to juvenile detention, community service, or jail.

Table 3.6: Most serious sentence imposed (n=277)

Sentence	N	Percent
Probation/Deferred	136	49%
Diversion	109	39%
Unsupervised Probation/Deferred	16	6%
Fines/fees	12	4%
Juvenile Detention	2	1%
Community Service	1	0%
Jail	1	0%
Total	277	100%

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Table 3.7 shows the sentence by type of offense. The number of cases in each category is shown rather than percentages because many of the small numbers would round to 0% and thus provide limited information. According to the data presented in Table 3.7 (e.g., assault, and weapon offense) were more likely to result in a probation/deferred judgment sentence while incidents involving marijuana were more likely to receive a diversion sentence.

Table 3.7: Offense type by sentence (n=277)

Offense	Community Service	Diversion	Fines/ Fees	Jail	Juvenile Detention	Probation/ Deferred	Unsupervised Probation/ Deferred	Total
Assault	0	14	0	0	1	61	1	77
Marijuana	0	55	4	0	0	6	5	70
Weapon Offense	0	1	0	0	1	24	0	26
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	0	8	0	0	0	9	0	17
Liquor/Alcohol	0	5	1	0	0	0	6	12
Interference with Educational Institution	0	1	0	0	0	7	1	9
Harassment/Harassing communication	0	3	0	0	0	5	0	8
Menacing	0	3	0	0	0	4	1	8
Criminal Mischief	0	2	0	1	0	2	1	6
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	6
Traffic Offense	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	6
Dangerous Drugs	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	5
Larceny/Theft	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3
Burglary	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Forgery	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
Obstruct	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Sexual Assault/Offense	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Trespassing	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
Violation of Protection Order	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Tobacco	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	5
Total	1	109	12	1	2	136	16	277

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Table 3.8 displays the original contact type by most serious sentence. Most cases received a sentence of probation supervision (49%). For cases where the student was arrested, 54% received a diversion sentence and 44% were sentenced to probation/deferred judgment/intensive supervision. This compares to a summons, where most cases were sentenced to probation/deferred judgment (48%) and 29% were sentenced to diversion.

Table 3.8: Case sentence by contact type (n=277)

Sentence	Summons	Arrest	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	119	124	34	277
Probation/Deferred	48%	44%	71%	49%
Diversion	29%	54%	24%	39%
Unsupervised Probation/Deferred	11%	1%	6%	6%
Fines/fees	10%	0%	0%	4%
Juvenile Detention	1%	1%	0%	1%
Community Service	1%	0%	0%	0%
Jail	1%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Table 3.9 displays the most serious sentence by student race/ethnicity for those cases that were identified with district or county court records. Nearly half of cases (49%) received a sentence of probation supervision. Probation/deferred judgment sentences occurred more frequently for African-American/Black students (62%) and students in the Other/Unknown race category (59%). White students were more likely to receive a sentence to diversion (45%) than other race/ethnicity groups.

Table 3.9: Case sentence by race/ethnicity of student (n=277)

Sentence	White	Hispanic/ Latino	African- American /Black	Other/ Unknown	Total
N	153	69	21	34	277
Probation/Deferred	42%	57%	62%	59%	49%
Diversion	45%	36%	29%	26%	39%
Unsupervised Probation/Deferred	8%	1%	10%	3%	6%
Fines/fees	5%	3%	0%	9%	4%
Juvenile Detention	0%	1%	0%	3%	1%
Community Service	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Jail	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Note: Case outcome information was obtained using the Judicial ICON data system that holds district and county (excluding Denver County) court data.

Summary. Court case information was found for a subset of 705 incidents (15% of the total number of incidents analyzed) that were filed in county (excluding Denver) or district court. Of these 4,810 cases, 302 had a sentence recorded in the Judicial data system.

Most often, cases were convicted (43%) or dismissed/not guilty (34%). For 23% of cases there was not yet a finding posted in the judicial data at the time the data were extracted in November 2023.

Of the 302 sentenced cases, 277 cases had a sentence recorded at the time the data were obtained for this analysis. Of those cases, 49% received probation/deferred judgment, thirty-nine percent of the cases (39%) were sentenced to diversion, and 6% were sentenced to unsupervised probation/deferred judgment.

Section 4: Analysis of diversion cases provided by district attorney offices

Background. House Bill 15-1273 requires district attorney (DA) offices to annually report to the Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) specific information about any student who was granted pre- or post-filing juvenile or adult diversion for a ticket, summons or offense that occurred at a public school, in a school vehicle, or at a school sanctioned event. The data required include the student's full name, date of birth (DOB), race/ethnicity, gender, and the arrest or incident number. DCJ provided a data collection instrument for DA officials to use that would allow for the submission of this information.

Diversion programs give juveniles the opportunity to avoid a criminal conviction. Pre-filing diversion programs means that no charges are filed in court. If the individual successfully completes the program, there will be no record of the offense in the court system. Not all DA offices operate a juvenile diversion program. For those that do, agency officials decide which cases are appropriate for diversion. In a post-filing diversion, the juvenile is offered an informal adjustment or deferred adjudication, after admission of guilt and agreement to comply with court conditions.

DA offices provided data to DCJ regarding cases that were diverted during the 2022-23 academic year. Researchers matched these cases to the incident data submitted by law enforcement agencies for the same period to find the original offense type.

Matches between data sets used name, date of birth (DOB), and a combination of incident number, arrest number or arrest date. Matches were not found for all cases. This could be due to differences in the spelling of names or differences in recorded DOBs. The lack of match may also be due to differences in the interpretation of what constituted a school-based incident, the inability to identify a school-based incident with precision, or a pre-filing case not appearing in the ICON database.

Description of diversion cases

Twenty one of the 22 DA offices in Colorado reported 1,086 qualifying diversion cases. The offices with the most diversion cases reported were from the 1st (96 cases), 4th (124 cases), 8th (84 cases), 18th (123 cases) and 21st (208 cases) Judicial Districts. The 11th Judicial District reported that they had no cases during this time period.

Among diversion cases, 7% were Black, 25% were Hispanics, 63% were White, and the remaining 5% of students the race/ethnicity was Other/Unknown (Table 4.1). There was considerable variation in the distribution of race/ethnicity across the DA diversion programs.

Table 4.1: Judicial district diversion cases by student race/ethnicity (n=1,086)

Judicial District	N	White	Hispanic/Latino	African-American/Black	Other/Unknown	Total
1	96	80%	11%	3%	5%	100%
2	31	6%	65%	23%	6%	100%
3	25	52%	48%	0%	0%	100%
4	124	47%	21%	29%	3%	100%
5	9	22%	78%	0%	0%	100%
6	43	77%	14%	2%	7%	100%
7	75	76%	24%	0%	0%	100%
8	84	68%	26%	5%	1%	100%
9	18	67%	22%	0%	11%	100%
10	29	45%	48%	7%	0%	100%
11	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
12	15	33%	47%	7%	13%	100%
13	2	50%	50%	0%	0%	100%
14	33	82%	18%	0%	0%	100%
15	4	50%	50%	0%	0%	100%
16	7	14%	86%	0%	0%	100%
17	12	25%	42%	8%	25%	100%
18	123	72%	17%	9%	2%	100%
19	67	96%	0%	4%	0%	100%
20	43	47%	42%	7%	5%	100%
21	208	64%	32%	3%	1%	100%
22	38	45%	5%	0%	50%	100%
Total	1,086	63%	25%	7%	5%	100%



Table 4.2 shows the ages of the students who participated in diversion programs. Under one percent (n=2) were in the 18-19 years old and 5% were in the 10-11-year-old category. Forty-one percent were between the age category of 14-15.

Table 4.2: Judicial district diversion cases by student age category (n=1086)

Judicial District	N	10-11	12-13	14-15	16-17	18-19	Unknown	Total
1	96	5%	30%	45%	19%	0%	1%	100%
2	31	3%	55%	32%	10%	0%	0%	100%
3	25	8%	12%	28%	24%	0%	28%	100%
4	124	8%	42%	28%	22%	0%	0%	100%
5	9	0%	44%	33%	22%	0%	0%	100%
6	43	0%	19%	51%	28%	2%	0%	100%
7	75	3%	25%	53%	19%	0%	0%	100%
8	84	6%	31%	39%	24%	0%	0%	100%
9	18	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%
10	29	3%	21%	34%	41%	0%	0%	100%
12	15	13%	33%	40%	13%	0%	0%	100%
13	2	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	100%
14	33	3%	30%	36%	30%	0%	0%	100%
15	4	0%	25%	25%	50%	0%	0%	100%
16	7	0%	0%	71%	29%	0%	0%	100%
17	12	8%	33%	42%	17%	0%	0%	100%
18	123	2%	20%	56%	22%	0%	0%	100%
19	67	10%	34%	42%	13%	0%	0%	100%
20	43	14%	16%	44%	26%	0%	0%	100%
21	208	6%	36%	37%	21%	0%	0%	100%
22	38	0%	24%	55%	18%	3%	0%	100%
Total	1,086	5%	30%	41%	21%	0%	2%	100%



Overall, 60% of diversion cases were male, 39% were female, and 1% of unknown gender, although this varied considerably by judicial district (Table 4.3).

Table 4.3: Judicial district diversion cases by gender of student (n=1086)

Judicial District	N	Female	Male	Unknown	Total
1	96	38%	61%	1%	100%
2	31	32%	68%	0%	100%
3	25	28%	72%	0%	100%
4	124	37%	63%	0%	100%
5	9	22%	78%	0%	100%
6	43	35%	58%	7%	100%
7	75	25%	75%	0%	100%
8	84	39%	61%	0%	100%
9	18	22%	72%	6%	100%
10	29	28%	72%	0%	100%
12	15	47%	53%	0%	100%
13	2	50%	50%	0%	100%
14	33	45%	48%	6%	100%
15	4	75%	25%	0%	100%
16	7	29%	71%	0%	100%
17	12	50%	50%	0%	100%
18	123	41%	59%	0%	100%
19	67	45%	55%	0%	100%
20	43	35%	65%	0%	100%
21	208	48%	52%	0%	100%
22	38	39%	61%	0%	100%
Total	1,086	39%	60%	1%	100%



Offense type (Table 4.4), obtained by matching the case with the submitted law enforcement agency record, and was found for 369 cases, about 34% of diversion cases reported. Among these 369 cases, marijuana was the most common charge (28%), followed by assault (24%). Information by judicial district regarding the crime type associated with diversion cases (when the information was available) may be found in Appendix A.

Table 4.4: Diversion offense type (n=369)

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	104	28%
Assault	88	24%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	30	8%
Dangerous Drugs	16	4%
Harassment/Harassing communication	16	4%
Public Order Crimes	16	4%
Sexual Assault/Offense	13	4%
Damage Property	12	3%
Larceny/Theft	12	3%
Liquor/Alcohol	10	3%
Weapon Offense	10	3%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	6	2%
Aggravated Assault	5	1%
Trespassing	5	1%
Arson	3	1%
Burglary	3	1%
Interference with Educational Institution	3	1%
Menacing	3	1%
Obstruct	3	1%
Contributing to Delinquency of Minor	2	1%
Criminal Mischief	2	1%
Property Crimes	2	1%
Criminal Impersonation	1	0%
Family/Child Offense	1	0%
Kidnapping	1	0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0%
Other	1	0%
Total	369	100%

Summary. All of 22 district attorney offices submitted information to DCJ for the 2022-23 academic year, and reported 1086 qualifying diversion cases of which 39% were females and 60% were males. African-American/Black students represented 7% of the group, while 25% were Hispanic/Latino, and 63% were White. For the remaining 5%, race/ethnicity was “other/unknown.” Offense type was found for 369 cases that were granted diversion. Among these cases, marijuana was the most common charge followed by assault.

Appendix A

Law Enforcement Agencies that Submitted Incident Reports to DCJ 2022-23 Academic Year

Table A.1: Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with Incidents

Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with Incidents
1 st Judicial District
2 nd Judicial District
3 rd Judicial District
4 th Judicial District
5 th Judicial District
6 th Judicial District
7 th Judicial District
8 th Judicial District
9 th Judicial District
10 th Judicial District
12 th Judicial District
13 th Judicial District
14 th Judicial District
15 th Judicial District
16 th Judicial District
17 th Judicial District
18 th Judicial District
19 th Judicial District
20 th Judicial District
21 st Judicial District
22 nd Judicial District
Adams County Sheriff's Office
Alamosa County Sheriff's Office
Alamosa Police Department
Arapahoe County Sheriff's Office
Arvada Police Department
Aurora Police Department
Basalt Police Department
Bayfield Marshal's Office
Boulder County Sheriff's Office
Brighton Police Department
Broomfield Police Department
Buena Vista Police Department
Burlington Police Department
Castle Rock Police Department
Cedaredge Police Department
Clear Creek County Sheriff's Office
Colorado Springs Police Department



Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with Incidents
Commerce City Police Department
Cortez Police Department
Craig Police Department
Crested Butte Marshal's Office
Crowley County Sheriff's Office
Dacono Police Department
Delta Police Department
Denver Police Department
Douglas County Sheriff's Office
Durango Police Department
Eagle County Sheriff's Office
Eaton Police Department
El Paso County Sheriff's Office
Elizabeth Police Department
Englewood Police Department
Erie Police Department
Estes Park Police Department
Evans Police Department
Fairplay Police Department
Federal Heights Police Department
Firestone Police Department
Fort Collins Police Department
Fort Lewis College Police Department
Fort Lupton Police Department
Fort Morgan Police Department
Fountain Police Department
Frederick Police Department
Fruita Police Department
Garfield County Sheriff's Office
Gilpin County Sheriff's Office
Glenwood Springs Police Department
Golden Police Department
Grand Junction Police Department
Greeley Police Department
Gunnison Police Department
Hayden Police Department
Hotchkiss Police Department
Jefferson County Sheriff's Office
Johnstown Police Department
Kersey Police Department
Kremmling Police Department
Lafayette Police Department
Lakewood Police Department
Lamar Police Department
Larimer County Sheriff's Office
Las Animas County Sheriff's Office



Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with Incidents
LaSalle Police Department
Leadville Police Department
Limon Police Department
Littleton Police Department
Longmont Police Department
Louisville Police Department
Loveland Police Department
Manitou Springs Police Department
Meeker Police Department
Mesa County Sheriff's Office
Milliken Police Department
Monte Vista Police Department
Montrose Police Department
Northglenn Police Department
Oak Creek Police Department
Pagosa Springs Police Department
Palisade Police Department
Parachute Police Department
Park County Sheriff's Office
Parker Police Department
Pueblo County Sheriff's Office
Pueblo Police Department
Rangely Police Department
Rifle Police Department
Rio Grande County Sheriff's Office
Salida Police Department
Sheridan Police Department
Steamboat Springs Police Department
Sterling Police Department
Summit County Sheriff's Office
Telluride Marshal's Office
Thornton Police Department
Timnath Police Department
Trinidad Police Department
Washington County Sheriff's Office
Weld County Sheriff's Office
Westminster Police Department
Wheat Ridge Police Department
Wiggins Police Department
Windsor Police Department
Woodland Park Police Department
Wray Police Department
Yuma Police Department

Appendix B

Law Enforcement Agencies that Submitted No-Incident Reports to DCJ 2022-23 Academic Year

Table B.1: Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with No-Incidents

Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with No-Incidents
11 th Judicial District
Avon Police Department
Baca County Sheriff's Office
Bent County Sheriff's Office
Breckenridge Police Department
Brush Police Department
Cherry Hills Village Police Department
Cheyenne County Sheriff's Office
Columbine Valley Police Department
Conejos County Sheriff's Office
Costilla County Sheriff's Office
Cripple Creek Police Department
Custer County Sheriff's Office
De Beque Marshal
Dolores County Sheriff's Office
Eagle Police Department
Elbert County Sheriff's Office
Fraser/Winter Park Police Department
Frisco Police Department
Georgetown Marshal's Office
Haxtun Police Department
Hinsdale County Sheriff's Office
Hudson Marshal's Office
Hugo Marshal's Office
Idaho Springs Police Department
Ignacio Police Department
Jackson County Sheriff's Office
Kiowa County Sheriff's Office
Kit Carson County Sheriff's Office
La Junta Police Department
La Veta Marshal's Office
Lincoln County Sheriff's Office
Logan County Sheriff's Office
Mineral County Sheriff's Office
Moffat County Sheriff's Office
Montrose County Sheriff's Office
Monument Police Department
Morgan County Sheriff's Office
Nederland Marshal

Law Enforcement Agencies and DA Offices with No-Incidents
Palmer Lake Police Department
Pitkin County Sheriff's Office
Prowers County Sheriff's Office
Ridgway Marshal's Office
Routt County Sheriff's Office
Saguache County Sheriff's Office
Sedgwick County Sheriff's Office
Silverthorne Police Department
Teller County Sheriff's Office
Univ. of Northern Colo. Police Department
University of Northern Colorado Police Department
Vail Police Department
Yuma County Sheriff's Office

Appendix C

Schools Involved in Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agencies 2022-23 Academic Year

Table C.1: Schools with between 6 and 145 incidents and school district

School Name	School District
ADAMS CITY HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS COUNTY 14
ALAMEDA INTERNATIONAL JUNIOR/SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
ANGEVINE MIDDLE SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
ARAPAHOE HIGH SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
ARVADA HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
ARVADA K-8	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
ARVADA WEST HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
AURORA CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
AURORA WEST COLLEGE PREPARATORY ACADEMY	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
BASALT HIGH SCHOOL	ROARING FORK RE-1
BASALT MIDDLE SCHOOL	ROARING FORK RE-1
BATTLE MOUNTAIN HIGH SCHOOL	EAGLE COUNTY RE 50
BEAR CREEK HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
BEAR CREEK K-8 SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
BELL MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
BILL REED MIDDLE SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
BLEVINS MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
BRENTWOOD MIDDLE SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
BRIGHTON HERITAGE ACADEMY	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
BRIGHTON HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
BROOMFIELD HIGH SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
CAMPBELL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CARMODY MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CASTLE VIEW HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
CENTAURUS HIGH SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
CENTENNIAL HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
CENTURY MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
CHAPARRAL HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
CHAPPELOW K-8 MAGNET SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
CHATFIELD HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN HIGH SCHOOL	CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN 12
COAL RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	GARFIELD RE-2
COAL RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
COLLEGIATE ACADEMY OF COLORADO	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1

School Name	School District
COLUMBIA MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
COLUMBINE HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CONIFER SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CONRAD BALL MIDDLE SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
CORTEZ MIDDLE SCHOOL	MONTEZUMA-CORTEZ RE-1
CRAIG MIDDLE SCHOOL	MOFFAT COUNTY RE:NO 1
CREIGHTON MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CRESTHILL MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
DAKOTA RIDGE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
DCIS AT MONTBELLO	DENVER COUNTY 1
DEER CREEK MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
DELTA HIGH SCHOOL	DELTA COUNTY 50(J)
DENVER CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDIES	DENVER COUNTY 1
DOHERTY HIGH SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
DOUGLAS COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
DRAKE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
DUNSTAN MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
DURANGO HIGH SCHOOL	DURANGO 9-R
EAGLE VALLEY HIGH SCHOOL	EAGLE COUNTY RE 50
EAGLECREST HIGH SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
EARLY COLLEGE OF ARVADA	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
EAST HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
EATON HIGH SCHOOL	EATON RE-2
EATON MIDDLE SCHOOL	EATON RE-2
ELIZABETH HIGH SCHOOL	ELIZABETH C-1
ELIZABETH MIDDLE SCHOOL	ELIZABETH C-1
ELLICOTT SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	ELLICOTT 22
ENGLEWOOD HIGH SCHOOL	ENGLEWOOD 1
ENGLEWOOD MIDDLE SCHOOL	ENGLEWOOD 1
ERIE HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
ERIE MIDDLE SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
ESTES PARK HIGH SCHOOL	ESTES PARK R-3
EUCLID MIDDLE SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
EVERGREEN HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
EVERITT MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
FALCON BLUFFS MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
FALCON CREEK MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
FALCON HIGH SCHOOL	FALCON 49
FORT LOGAN NORTHGATE	SHERIDAN 2
FORT LUPTON HIGH SCHOOL	WELD COUNTY S/D RE-8
FORT MORGAN HIGH SCHOOL	FORT MORGAN RE-3



School Name	School District
FORT MORGAN MIDDLE SCHOOL	FORT MORGAN RE-3
FOUNTAIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	FOUNTAIN 8
FOUNTAIN-FORT CARSON HIGH SCHOOL	FOUNTAIN 8
FRANKLIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
FREDERICK SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
GALILEO SCHOOL OF MATH AND SCIENCE	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
GATEWAY HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
GLENWOOD SPRINGS HIGH SCHOOL	ROARING FORK RE-1
GODDARD MIDDLE SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
GRAND VALLEY HIGH SCHOOL	GARFIELD 16
GRANDVIEW HIGH SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
GREELEY WEST HIGH SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
GREEN MOUNTAIN HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
GUNNISON HIGH SCHOOL	GUNNISON WATERSHED RE1J
GUNNISON MIDDLE SCHOOL	GUNNISON WATERSHED RE1J
HEATH MIDDLE SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
HERITAGE HIGH SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
HIDDEN LAKE HIGH SCHOOL	WESTMINSTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
HIGHLANDS RANCH HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
HINKLEY HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
HORIZON HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
HORIZON MIDDLE SCHOOL	DISTRICT 49
HOTCHKISS HIGH SCHOOL	DELTA COUNTY 50(J)
JEFFERSON JUNIOR/SENIOR HIGH	GREELEY 6
JENKINS MIDDLE SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
JOHN F KENNEDY HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
KNOWLEDGE QUEST ACADEMY	JOHNSTOWN-MILLIKEN RE-5J
LAKE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	LAKE COUNTY R-1
LAKE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
LAKESWOOD HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
LAREDO MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
LEGACY HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
LIBERTY HIGH SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
LITTLETON HIGH SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
LONGVIEW HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
LOVELAND HIGH SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
LUCILE ERWIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
MANDALAY MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
MANITOU SPRINGS HIGH SCHOOL	MANITOU SPRINGS 14
MANITOU SPRINGS MIDDLE SCHOOL	MANITOU SPRINGS 14
MANNING OPTIONS SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1



School Name	School District
MANUAL HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
MAPLETON EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL	MAPLETON 1
MC LAIN HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
MCAULIFFE ELEMENTARY	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
MESA MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
MESA RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
MILLIKEN MIDDLE SCHOOL	JOHNSTOWN-MILLIKEN RE-5J
MITCHELL HIGH SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
MOFFAT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	MOFFAT COUNTY RE:NO 1
MONARCH HIGH SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
MONTEZUMA-CORTEZ HIGH SCHOOL	MONTEZUMA-CORTEZ RE-1
MOORE MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
MOUNTAIN RANGE HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
MOUNTAIN RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
MOUNTAIN VISTA HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
MRACHEK MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
NIWOT HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
NORTH ARVADA MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
NORTH HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
NORTHFIELD HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
NORTHGLENN HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
NORTHGLENN MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
NORTHRIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
OBERON JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
OLATHE HIGH SCHOOL	MONTROSE COUNTY RE-1J
ORCHARD MESA MIDDLE SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
ORTEGA MIDDLE SCHOOL	ALAMOSA RE-11J
OTHO E STUART MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
OVERLAND HIGH SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
PAGOSA SPRINGS HIGH SCHOOL	ARCHULETA COUNTY 50 JT
PAGOSA SPRINGS MIDDLE SCHOOL	ARCHULETA COUNTY 50 JT
PALMER HIGH SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
PLATTE CANYON HIGH SCHOOL	PLATTE CANYON 1
PLEASANT VIEW MIDDLE SCHOOL	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
POMONA HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
PONDEROSA HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
POUDRE HIGH SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
PRAIRIE HEIGHTS MIDDLE SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
PRAIRIE MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
PRAIRIE VIEW HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
PRAIRIE VIEW MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J



School Name	School District
PUEBLO ACADEMY OF ARTS	PUEBLO CITY 60
PUEBLO COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
PUEBLO WEST HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
RALSTON VALLEY SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
RAMPART HIGH SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
RANGEVIEW HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
RED CANYON HIGH SCHOOL	EAGLE COUNTY RE 50
RIFLE HIGH SCHOOL	GARFIELD RE-2
RISLEY INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY OF INNOVATION	PUEBLO CITY 60
RIVERDALE RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
ROCK CANYON HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HIGH SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
RODGER QUIST MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
RONCALLI STEM ACADEMY	PUEBLO CITY 60
ROOSEVELT HIGH SCHOOL	JOHNSTOWN-MILLIKEN RE-5J
SAGEWOOD MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
SANGRE DE CRISTO UNDIVIDED HIGH SCHOOL	SANGRE DE CRISTO RE-22J
SHADOW RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
SIERRA HIGH SCHOOL	HARRISON 2
SIERRA MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
SILVER HILLS MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
SKY VISTA MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
SKYVIEW ACADEMY	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
SMOKY HILL HIGH SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
SOUTH HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
STANDLEY LAKE HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
STEAMBOAT SPRINGS HIGH SCHOOL	STEAMBOAT SPRINGS RE-2
STEM LAUNCH	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
STEM SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
STERLING MIDDLE SCHOOL	VALLEY RE-1
SUMMIT HIGH SCHOOL	SUMMIT RE-1
SUMMIT MIDDLE SCHOOL	SUMMIT RE-1
SUMMIT RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL AT THORNTON MIDDLE	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
THE PINNACLE CHARTER SCHOOL HIGH	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
THOMAS JEFFERSON HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
THOMPSON VALLEY HIGH SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
THORNTON HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
THUNDER RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
THUNDERRIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
TIMNATH MIDDLE-HIGH SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1



School Name	School District
VANTAGE POINT	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
VIKAN MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
VISTA PEAK 9-12 PREPARATORY	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
W H HEATON MIDDLE SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
WALT CLARK MIDDLE SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
WATSON JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
WAYNE CARLE MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
WEST EARLY COLLEGE	DENVER COUNTY 1
WESTLAKE MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
WESTMINSTER HIGH SCHOOL	WESTMINSTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
WHEAT RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
WIDEFIELD HIGH SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
WINDSOR HIGH SCHOOL	WINDSOR RE-4
WINDSOR MIDDLE SCHOOL	WINDSOR RE-4
WOODLAND PARK HIGH SCHOOL	WOODLAND PARK RE-2
WOODLAND PARK MIDDLE SCHOOL	WOODLAND PARK RE-2
YAMPAH MOUNTAIN SCHOOL	ROARING FORK RE-1
YORK INTERNATIONAL	MAPLETON 1
YUMA HIGH SCHOOL	YUMA 1

Table C.2: Schools with between 1 and 5 incidents and school district

School Name	School District
ABRAHAM LINCOLN HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
ACADEMY OF CHARTER SCHOOLS	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
ACADEMY OF URBAN LEARNING	DENVER COUNTY 1
ADAMS CITY MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS COUNTY 14
ADDENBROOKE CLASSICAL ACADEMY	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
AIR ACADEMY HIGH SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
AKRON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	AKRON R-1
ALAMOSA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ALAMOSA RE-11J
ALAMOSA HIGH SCHOOL	ALAMOSA RE-11J
ALTONA MIDDLE SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
AMERICAN ACADEMY	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
AMERICAN INDIAN ACADEMY OF DENVER	DENVER COUNTY 1
ANIMAS HIGH SCHOOL	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
ANTELOPE RIDGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
ASPEN VALLEY CAMPUS	ACADEMY 20
AURORA HILLS MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
BARNUM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
BAYFIELD HIGH SCHOOL	BAYFIELD 10 JT-R
BAYFIELD MIDDLE SCHOOL	BAYFIELD 10 JT-R
BEAR VALLEY INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
BELLA ROMERO ACADEMY OF APPLIED TECHNOLOGY	GREELEY 6
BENNETT HIGH SCHOOL	BENNETT 29J
BENNETT MIDDLE SCHOOL	BENNETT 29J
BERRY CREEK MIDDLE SCHOOL	EAGLE COUNTY RE 50
BERTHOUD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
BERTHOUD HIGH SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
BESSEMER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
BOOKCLIFF MIDDLE SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
BRADY EXPLORATION SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
BRIDGES	ROARING FORK RE-1
BROMLEY EAST CHARTER SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
BROOMFIELD HEIGHTS MIDDLE SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
BROWN INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
BRUCE RANDOLPH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
BUENA VISTA HIGH SCHOOL	BUENA VISTA R-31
BURLINGTON HIGH SCHOOL	BURLINGTON RE-6J
BYERS JUNIOR-SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	BYERS 32J
CACHE LA POUFRE MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
CAREER EDUCATION CENTER EARLY COLLEGE	DENVER COUNTY 1
CASTLE ROCK MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1

School Name	School District
CEDAREGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	DELTA COUNTY 50(J)
CENTENNIAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
CENTENNIAL HIGH SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
CHALLENGE TO EXCELLENCE CHARTER SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
CHALLENGER MIDDLE SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
CHARLES M. SCHENCK (CMS) COMMUNITY SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
CHEROKEE TRAIL HIGH SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL	CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN 12
CIMARRON MIDDLE	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
CLEAR CREEK HIGH SCHOOL	CLEAR CREEK RE-1
COLE ARTS AND SCIENCE ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
COLFAX ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
COLORADO CONNECTIONS ACADEMY	MAPLETON 1
COLORADO'S FINEST HIGH SCHOOL OF CHOICE	ENGLEWOOD 1
COLUMBINE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WOODLAND PARK RE-2
COLUMBINE HILLS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
COMPASS ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
COMPASS MONTESSORI - GOLDEN CHARTER SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
CONTEMPORARY LEARNING ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
CORWIN INTERNATIONAL MAGNET SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
CORY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
COYOTE RIDGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
CRESTED BUTTE SECONDARY SCHOOL	GUNNISON WATERSHED RE1J
CROWLEY COUNTY JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	CROWLEY COUNTY RE-1-J
DANIEL C OAKES HIGH SCHOOL--CASTLE ROCK	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
DELTA MIDDLE SCHOOL	DELTA COUNTY 50(J)
DENVER GREEN SCHOOL NORTHFIELD	DENVER COUNTY 1
D'EVELYN JUNIOR/SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
DILLON VALLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	SUMMIT RE-1
DISCOVERY CANYON CAMPUS HIGH SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
DOS RIOS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. EARLY COLLEGE	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST COLLEGE VIEW HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: COLE HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: COLLEGE VIEW MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: CONSERVATORY GREEN MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: GREEN VALLEY RANCH HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: GREEN VALLEY RANCH MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: STAPLETON HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
DSST: STAPLETON MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1



School Name	School District
EAGLE CREST ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
EAGLE RIDGE ACADEMY	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
EARLY COLLEGE ACADEMY	GREELEY 6
EAST HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
EDCSD: COLORADO CYBER SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
EDISON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
EMORY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
EMPOWER COMMUNITY HIGH SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
ENDEAVOR ACADEMY	CHERRY CREEK 5
EVERGREEN MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
EXCEL ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
FALCON MIDDLE SCHOOL	FALCON 49
FARRELL B. HOWELL ECE-8 SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
FORT COLLINS HIGH SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
FORT LUPTON MIDDLE SCHOOL	WELD COUNTY S/D RE-8
FOSSIL RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
FRENCH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
FRONTIER CHARTER ACADEMY	GREELEY 6
FRUITA 8/9 SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
GATEWAY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WOODLAND PARK RE-2
GEORGE WASHINGTON HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
GILPIN COUNTY UNDIVIDED HIGH SCHOOL	GILPIN COUNTY RE-1
GLENWOOD SPRINGS MIDDLE SCHOOL	ROARING FORK RE-1
GOLDEN HIGH SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
GRAND JUNCTION HIGH SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
GRAND MESA MIDDLE SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
GRAND MOUNTAIN SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
GRANT BEACON MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
GRANT RANCH ECE-8 SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
GREELEY CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
GREEN ACRES ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	FORT MORGAN RE-3
GUNNISON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	GUNNISON WATERSHED RE1J
GYPSUM CREEK MIDDLE SCHOOL	EAGLE COUNTY RE 50
HAMILTON MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
HANOVER JUNIOR-SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	HANOVER 28
HANSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ADAMS COUNTY 14
HARMONY RIDGE P-8	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
HAROLD FERGUSON HIGH SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
HARRISON HIGH SCHOOL	HARRISON 2



School Name	School District
HAYDEN VALLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	HAYDEN RE-1
HEIMAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
HEMPHILL MIDDLE SCHOOL	STRASBURG 31J
HIGH TECH EARLY COLLEGE	DENVER COUNTY 1
HILL CAMPUS OF ARTS AND SCIENCES	DENVER COUNTY 1
HOMESTAKE PEAK SCHOOL	EAGLE COUNTY RE 50
HORIZON MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
HORIZONS EXPLORATORY ACADEMY	SALIDA R-32
IMAGINE CHARTER	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
INDEPENDENCE ACADEMY	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
IVER C. RANUM MIDDLE SCHOOL	WESTMINSTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
JANITELL JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
JOHN WESLEY POWELL MIDDLE SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
JORDAHL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	FOUNTAIN 8
JOSEPHINE HODGKINS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WESTMINSTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
JUSTICE HIGH CHARTER SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
KEARNEY MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS COUNTY 14
KEN CARYL MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
KENNETH HOMYAK PK-8	WELD COUNTY S/D RE-8
KEPNER BEACON MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
KIPP MONTBELLO COLLEGE PREP	DENVER COUNTY 1
KUNSMILLER CREATIVE ARTS ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
LAFAYETTE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
LAKE COUNTY INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL	LAKE COUNTY R-1
LAMAR HIGH SCHOOL	LAMAR RE-2
LAURENE EDMONDSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
LEGEND HIGH SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
LEMAN CLASSICAL ACADEMY	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
LESHER MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
LEWIS-PALMER HIGH SCHOOL	LEWIS-PALMER 38
LEWIS-PALMER MIDDLE SCHOOL	LEWIS-PALMER 38
LIBERTY MIDDLE SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
LIBERTY POINT INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
LIMON JUNIOR-SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	LIMON RE-4J
LINCOLN HIGH SCHOOL	FORT MORGAN RE-3
LINCOLN MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
LINCOLN ORCHARD MESA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
LONGMONT HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
LONGS PEAK MIDDLE SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
LOWRY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
LYONS MIDDLE/SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J



School Name	School District
MAMMOTH HEIGHTS ELEMENTARY	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
MANN MIDDLE SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
MAPLETON EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL OF THE ARTS	MAPLETON 1
MARY E PENNOCK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
MC ELWAIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
MCAULIFFE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
MCAULIFFE MANUAL MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
MCGLONE ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1
MEADOW COMMUNITY SCHOOL	MAPLETON 1
MEADOWLARK SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
MEEKER HIGH SCHOOL	MEEKER RE1
MERRILL MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
MIAMI-YODER MIDDLE/HIGH SCHOOL	MIAMI/YODER 60 JT
MINNEQUA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	PUEBLO CITY 60
MONTE VISTA MIDDLE SCHOOL	MONTE VISTA C-8
MONTE VISTA SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	MONTE VISTA C-8
MOREY MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
MOUNTAIN RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
MOUNTAIN VIEW HIGH SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
NEW AMERICA SCHOOL - THORNTON	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
NEW MERIDIAN HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
NISLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
NORTH MIDDLE SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
NORTH VALLEY MIDDLE SCHOOL	WELD COUNTY RE-1
NORTHRIDGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
OMAR D BLAIR CHARTER SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
OVERLAND TRAIL MIDDLE SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
PAGOSA SPRINGS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ARCHULETA COUNTY 50 JT
PALISADE HIGH SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
PALMER RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	LEWIS-PALMER 38
PANORAMA MIDDLE SCHOOL	HARRISON 2
PATTERSON INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
PEAK TO PEAK CHARTER SCHOOL	BOULDER VALLEY RE 2
PINE CREEK HIGH SCHOOL	ACADEMY 20
PINELLO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WIDFIELD 3
PLATTE VALLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	PLATTE VALLEY RE-7
PLATTE VALLEY HIGH SCHOOL	PLATTE VALLEY RE-7
PLATTE VALLEY MIDDLE SCHOOL	PLATTE VALLEY RE-7
POLARIS EXPEDITIONARY LEARNING SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
POUDRE COMMUNITY ACADEMY	POUDRE R-1
PRESTON MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1



School Name	School District
PRIMERO JUNIOR-SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	PRIMERO REORGANIZED 2
PROSPECT ACADEMY	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
PROSPECT RIDGE ACADEMY	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
RANCH VIEW MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
RANGELY JUNIOR/SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	RANGELY RE-4
RED HAWK RIDGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	CHERRY CREEK 5
RENAISSANCE SECONDARY SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
RICE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
RIDGEVIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	MOFFAT COUNTY RE:NO 1
RIFLE MIDDLE SCHOOL	GARFIELD RE-2
RIVERVIEW PK-8	THOMPSON R2-J
ROCKY HEIGHTS MIDDLE SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
ROCKY TOP MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
ROSE STEIN INTERNATIONAL ELEMENTARY	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
ROXBOROUGH INTERMEDIATE	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
RUNNING CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ELIZABETH C-1
RUSSELL MIDDLE SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
RYE HIGH SCHOOL	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
S. CHRISTA MCAULIFFE STEM ACADEMY	GREELEY 6
SALIDA DEL SOL ACADEMY	GREELEY 6
SALIDA HIGH SCHOOL	SALIDA R-32
SALIDA MIDDLE SCHOOL	SALIDA R-32
SAN JUAN MOUNTAIN SCHOOL	ARCHULETA COUNTY 50 JT
SAND CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
SAND CREEK HIGH SCHOOL	FALCON 49
SANDBURG ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	LITTLETON 6
SANDROCK ELEMENTARY	MOFFAT COUNTY RE:NO 1
SARGENT SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL	SARGENT RE-33J
SEMPER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
SHAW HEIGHTS MIDDLE SCHOOL	WESTMINSTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
SHERIDAN HIGH SCHOOL	SHERIDAN 2
SILVER CREEK HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
SKINNER MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
SKYLINE HIGH SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
SKYLINE VISTA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WESTMINSTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
SKYVIEW MIDDLE SCHOOL	FALCON 49
SKYWAY PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN 12
SOAR ACADEMY	SHERIDAN 2
SOARING HEIGHTS PK-8	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
SOBESKY ACADEMY	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
SOROCO HIGH SCHOOL	SOUTH ROUNTT RE 3



School Name	School District
SOUTH HIGH SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
SOUTH MIDDLE SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
SOUTH PARK HIGH SCHOOL	PARK COUNTY RE-2
SOUTH RIDGE ELEMENTARY AN IB WORLD SCHOOL	DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1
SOUTHLAWN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
SOUTHWEST OPEN CHARTER SCHOOL	MONTEZUMA-CORTEZ RE-1
SPROUL JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL	WIDEFIELD 3
STARGATE CHARTER SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
STEDMAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
STRIVE PREP - GVR	DENVER COUNTY 1
STRIVE PREP - LAKE	DENVER COUNTY 1
STRIVE PREP - MONTBELLO	DENVER COUNTY 1
STRIVE PREP - RISE	DENVER COUNTY 1
STRIVE PREP - WESTWOOD	DENVER COUNTY 1
SWALLOWS CHARTER ACADEMY	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
SWANSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
TARVER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ADAMS 12 FIVE STAR SCHOOLS
TAYLOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
TELLURIDE HIGH SCHOOL	TELLURIDE R-1
TELLURIDE MIDDLE SCHOOL	TELLURIDE R-1
THE BIJOU SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
THE STEAD SCHOOL	SCHOOL DISTRICT 27J
THREE CREEKS K-8	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
THUNDER VALLEY PK-8	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
TIMBERLINE PK-8	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
TIMNATH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
TOINTON ACADEMY OF PRE-ENGINEERING	GREELEY 6
TRAIL RIDGE MIDDLE SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
TRINIDAD HIGH SCHOOL	TRINIDAD 1
TRINIDAD MIDDLE SCHOOL	TRINIDAD 1
TURNER MIDDLE SCHOOL	THOMPSON R2-J
TWAIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
TWO RIVERS COMMUNITY SCHOOL	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE
TWOMBLY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	WELD COUNTY S/D RE-8
UNION COLONY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
UNION COLONY PREPARATORY SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
UNIVERSITY SCHOOLS	GREELEY 6
VAUGHN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
VINELAND MIDDLE SCHOOL	PUEBLO COUNTY 70
VIRGINIA COURT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
VISTA ACADEMY	DENVER COUNTY 1



School Name	School District
VISTA PEAK P-8 EXPLORATORY	ADAMS-ARAPAHOE 28J
VISTA RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL	FALCON 49
VIVIAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
WEBBER MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
WELLINGTON MIDDLE SCHOOL	POUDRE R-1
WELTE EDUCATION CENTER	FOUNTAIN 8
WEST GRAND HIGH SCHOOL	WEST GRAND 1-JT
WEST JEFFERSON MIDDLE SCHOOL	JEFFERSON COUNTY R-1
WEST MIDDLE SCHOOL	DENVER COUNTY 1
WEST MIDDLE SCHOOL	COLORADO SPRINGS 11
WEST MIDDLE SCHOOL	MESA COUNTY VALLEY 51
WEST RIDGE ACADEMY	GREELEY 6
WESTVIEW MIDDLE SCHOOL	ST VRAIN VALLEY RE 1J
WIGGINS HIGH SCHOOL	WIGGINS RE-50(J)
WIGGINS MIDDLE SCHOOL	WIGGINS RE-50(J)
WINOGRAD K-8 ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	GREELEY 6
WRAY HIGH SCHOOL	WRAY RD-2
YAMPA VALLEY HIGH SCHOOL	STEAMBOAT SPRINGS RE-2



Appendix D

Colorado Judicial Districts and School Populations

2022-23 Academic Year

Colorado is divided into 22 judicial districts, each of which is comprised of between 1 and 7 counties. These 22 judicial districts and their respective counties are listed in Table D.1.

Table D.1: Judicial districts and constituting counties

Judicial District	Counties (in alphabetical order)	Number of Counties
1	Gilpin, Jefferson	2
2	Denver	1
3	Huerfano, Las Animas	2
4	El Paso, Teller	2
5	Clear Creek, Eagle, Lake, Summit	4
6	Archuleta, La Plata, San Juan	3
7	Delta, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Montrose, Ouray, San Miguel	6
8	Jackson, Larimer	2
9	Garfield, Pitkin, Rio Blanco	3
10	Pueblo	1
11	Chaffee, Custer, Fremont, Park	4
12	Alamosa, Conejos, Costilla, Mineral, Rio Grande, Saguache	6
13	Kit Carson, Logan, Morgan, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington, Yuma	7
14	Grand, Moffat, Routt	3
15	Baca, Cheyenne, Kiowa, Prowers	4
16	Bent, Crowley, Otero	3
17	Adams, Broomfield	2
18	Arapahoe, Douglas, Elbert, Lincoln	4
19	Weld	1
20	Boulder	1
21	Mesa	1
22	Dolores, Montezuma	2



Table D.2: Race/ethnicity of student populations for schools with incidents by judicial district for the 2022-2023 Academic Year

Judicial District	Total	White	Hispanic	African American/ Black	Other
1	37,833	64%	27%	1%	8%
2	38,051	24%	54%	13%	9%
3	507	27%	70%	1%	2%
4	42,305	54%	27%	6%	12%
5	7,258	42%	54%	1%	3%
6	3,870	63%	26%	1%	10%
7	4,210	68%	27%	0%	4%
8	22,685	70%	22%	1%	6%
9	4,807	47%	50%	0%	3%
10	12,602	36%	56%	2%	6%
11	1,369	80%	15%	1%	4%
12	2,309	32%	63%	1%	4%
13	3,889	44%	51%	2%	3%
14	2,993	74%	22%	1%	3%
15	445	38%	60%	0%	2%
16	193	45%	47%	4%	5%
17	52,582	37%	52%	2%	9%
18	86,467	51%	28%	8%	13%
19	31,692	42%	52%	2%	5%
20	19,467	62%	28%	1%	10%
21	7,823	65%	29%	1%	6%
22	1,247	47%	21%	0%	32%
Total	384,604	49%	37%	5%	9%

Source: Colorado Department of Education at cde.state.co.us/cdereval/2022-2023pupilmembership

Appendix E

Crimes of Diversion Cases by Judicial District

2022-23 Academic Year

Information by DA office. The following Tables E.1 - E.22 list the offense type for pre-file diversion cases reported by District Attorney (DA) offices. Note that DA offices do not provide offense information. Rather, this was obtained by matching the diversion cases reported by DAs with the reports provided by law enforcement. This series of tables provides the frequency of offense types for the cases for which a match was found between the DA record and a law enforcement record. A review of the following tables reflects considerable variation in information available by crime type across the judicial districts.

Table E.1: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 1st Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Assault	6	14%
Harassment/Harassing communication	6	14%
Public Order Crimes	6	14%
Dangerous Drugs	5	12%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	5	12%
Weapon Offense	3	7%
Damage Property	2	5%
Larceny/Theft	2	5%
Marijuana	2	5%
Property Crimes	2	5%
Criminal Mischief	1	2%
Interference with Educational Institution	1	2%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	2%
Sexual Assault/Offense	1	2%
Total	43	100%

Table E.2: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 2nd Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Aggravated Assault	1	33%
Assault	1	33%
Larceny/Theft	1	33%
Total	3	100%

Table E.3: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 3rd Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Total	0	0%

Table E.4: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 4th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Assault	15	38%
Public Order Crimes	7	18%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	5	13%
Harassment/Harassing communication	4	10%
Aggravated Assault	2	5%
Damage Property	1	3%
Larceny/Theft	1	3%
Marijuana	1	3%
Obstruct	1	3%
Trespassing	1	3%
Weapon Offense	1	3%
Total	39	100%

Table E.5: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 5th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Interference with Educational Institution	1	100%
Total	1	100%

Table E.6: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 6th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	4	44%
Assault	2	22%
Damage Property	2	22%
Liquor/Alcohol	1	11%
Total	9	100%

Table E.7: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 7th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	5	45%
Dangerous Drugs	2	18%
Assault	1	9%
Criminal Mischief	1	9%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	1	9%
Obstruct	1	9%
Total	11	100%

Table E.8: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 8th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Assault	15	35%
Marijuana	7	16%
Larceny/Theft	5	12%
Sexual Assault/Offense	4	9%
Liquor/Alcohol	3	7%
Dangerous Drugs	2	5%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	2	5%
Harassment/Harassing communication	2	5%
Arson	1	2%
Other	1	2%
Post, Possess private image by juvenile	1	2%
Total	43	100%

Table E.9: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 9th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Assault	2	100%
Total	2	100%

Table E.10: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 10th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	10	83%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	1	8%
Harassment/Harassing communication	1	8%
Total	12	100%

Table E.11: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 11th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Total	0	0%

Table E.12: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 12th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	3	43%
Assault	2	29%
Menacing	1	14%
Weapon Offense	1	14%
Total	7	100%



Table E.13: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 13th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Total	0	0%

Table E.14: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 14th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	4	29%
Marijuana	3	21%
Contributing to Delinquency of Minor	2	14%
Sexual Assault/Offense	2	14%
Assault	1	7%
Damage Property	1	7%
Weapon Offense	1	7%
Total	14	100%

Table E.15: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 15th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Total	0	0%

Table E.16: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 16th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Total	0	0%

Table E.17: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 17th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Burglary	3	75%
Kidnapping	1	25%
Total	4	100%

Table E.18: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 18th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	46	52%
Assault	10	11%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	10	11%
Dangerous Drugs	6	7%
Sexual Assault/Offense	4	4%
Damage Property	3	3%
Larceny/Theft	3	3%
Aggravated Assault	2	2%
Harassment/Harassing communication	2	2%
Weapon Offense	2	2%
Public Order Crimes	1	1%
Total	89	100%



Table E.19: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 19th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Assault	25	71%
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	5	14%
Arson	2	6%
Interference with Educational Institution	1	3%
Obstruct	1	3%
Sexual Assault/Offense	1	3%
Total	35	100%

Table E.20: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 20th Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Disorderly Conduct/Fighting	2	33%
Marijuana	2	33%
Assault	1	17%
Family/Child Offense	1	17%
Total	6	100%

Table E.21: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 21st Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Assault	5	36%
Marijuana	4	29%
Public Order Crimes	2	14%
Dangerous Drugs	1	7%
Trespassing	1	7%
Weapon Offense	1	7%
Total	14	100%

Table E.22: Offense type for cases reported by the DA office of the 22nd Judicial District

Crime	N	Percent
Marijuana	17	46%
Liquor/Alcohol	6	16%
Damage Property	3	8%
Trespassing	3	8%
Assault	2	5%
Menacing	2	5%
Criminal Impersonation	1	3%
Harassment/Harassing communication	1	3%
Sexual Assault/Offense	1	3%
Weapon Offense	1	3%
Total	37	100%

